

VOL - 4A**Khilafat-e-Banu Abbas**

- 1-Safah bin Imam Mohammed
- 2-Mansur bin Imam Mohammed
- 3-Mehdi bin Mansur
- 4-Hadi bin Mehdi
- 5-Haroon bin Mehdi
- 6-Ameen bin Haroon
- 7-Mamoon bin Haroon
- 8-Motasim bin Haroon
- 9-Wasiq bin Mo'tasim
- 10-Motawakal bin Mo'tasim
- 11-Muntasir bin Motawakkil
- 12-Mustaeen bin Motawakkil
- 13-Mo'taz bin Motawakkil
- 14-Mohtadi bin Waist
- 15-Motamid bin Motawakkil
- 16-Motadhid bin Mowaffiq
- 17-Muktafi bin Motaddhid
- 18-Muqtadir bin Motaddhid
- 19-Qahir bin Motaddhid
- 20-Raazi bin Muqtadir
- 21-Muttaqi bin Muqtadir
- 22-Mustakfi bin Muktafi
- 23-Motee bin Muqtadir
- 24-Tay bin Motee'
- 25-Qadir bin Ishaq
- 26-Qaim bin Qadir
- 27-Muqtadi bin Mohammed
- 28-Mustazhar bin Muqtadi
- 29-Mustarshid bin Mustazhar
- 30-Rashid bin Mustarshid
- 31-Muqtadhi bin Mustazhar
- 32-Mustanjid bin Muqtadi
- 33-Mustadhi bin Mustanjid
- 34-Nasir bin Mustadhi
- 35-Zahir bin Nasir
- 36-Mustansir Abu Ja'far bin Zaahir
- 37-Mustasim bin Mustansir

Vol - 4B**Khilafat banu Abbas in Egypt only**

- 38-Mustansir Ahmed bin Zaahir
- 39-Hakim bin Ali bin--bin Mustarshid
- 40-Mustakfi bin Hakim
- 41-Wasiq bin Mustamsik bin Hakim
- 42-Hakim bin Mustakfi
- 43-Motadhid bin Mustakfi
- 44-Motawakal bin Motaddhid
- 45-Wasiq bin Ibraheem
- 46-Mustasim bin Ibraheem
- Again-Motawakkil bin Motaddhid
- 47-Mustaeen bin Motawakkil

- 48-Motadhid bin Motawakkil*
- 49-Mustakfi bin Motawakkil*
- 50-Qaim bin Motawakkil*
- 51-Mustanjid bin Motawakill*
- 52-Motawakal bin Ya'qub*
- 53-Mustamsik bin Motawakkil*
- 54-Motawakal Alallah 3rd*

List of Khulafa

Discoveries & Development

Baghdad after Khilafat

Kingdoms

Khilafat Banu Abbas

132H to 924H = 749AD to 1518ADAD.

132H-656H=749-1258H.

Capital:- Baghdad-Iraq.

656H-924H=1258-1518ADAD

Capital:- Cairo-Egypt.

History of Dawat Banu Abbas

First Shiyane Ali started the movement of Khilafat in **Banu Fatima**. In the name of **Imamat**. **Shiyane Ali** selected following:-

1-Imam Hussain RA-Martyred by the order of Shimar commander of Ziyad during Yazeed period.

2-Imam Zainul Abdeen Ali bin Hussain-He was not interested.

3-Imam Zaid bin Zainul Abdeen-Martyred by Yousuf bin Umar Governor Iraq of Hisham bin Malik

4-Imam Mohammed bin Hanfia bin Ali RA-He made bayt with A.Malik but still Shiya called him Imam.

5-Imam Abu Hashim bin Mohammed bin Hanfia-Martyred by poison during Sulaiman bin A.Malik.

6-Imam Abu Ibraheem Mohammed bin Ali bin Abdullah bin Abbas-Abu Hashim transferred the Imamato to Abbaseen.

Age:- 63 yrs. Birth:-62H. Death:-125H

1-Saffah Abul Abbas bin Mohammed bin Ali bin Abdullah bin Abbas RA.

132H - 136H =4 yrs.9 months.

Age:-36 yrs.

Birth:-104H

Death:-136H

Muslim world was divided:-

-Turkish Kingdom in Vailum.

-Banu Umaya Kingdom in Spain.

-Sudan became independent.

Ruled on:-Sham, Iraq, Hijaz, Khurasan, Samarqand, Toos, Rai, Jarjan, Hamdan, Nahawand & Sindh.

Wazeer/Ministers

1-Hifz bin Sulaiman

2-Khalid Barmaki

Governors

Hijaz & Yamama:- Daud(Uncle of Sffah)

Kufa & Swad:- Eisa bin Moosa(Cousin)

Yemen:- Mohammed bin Yazeed.

Basra & Bahrain:- Sulaijan bin Ali(Uncle)

Ahwaz:- Ismaeel bin Ali(Uncle)

Sham:- Abdullah bin Ali(Uncle)

Egypt:- Abu Aun Abdul Malik.

Khurasan:- Abu Muslim Khurasani.

Iraq:- Abu Jafar.

Faras/Persia:-Eisa bin Ali Abbas.

Moosal:- Yahya bin Ali. He killed 20,000 people. Saffah replaced him by

" :- Ismaeel bin Ali

Killing of Banu Umaya

Saffah killed thousands of **Banu Umaya** without any reason even the old & children were killed. Some of them escaped to Spain. Even the graves of Khulafa Banu Umaya were dug and bodies were burnt. His whole life was spent in killing **Banu Umaya, till he died in the disease of**

Small pox.

2-Mansur Abu Jafar Abdullah bin Mohammed bin Ali bin Abdullah bin Abbas RA.
136H-158H(753-775AD) =22 yrs.

Age:-63 yrs.

Birth:-94H

Death:-158H :-He wore Ahram for Haj in Kufa. Sent onward the animals for sacrifice. When he reached Beer Maoona felt pain and died.

Wazeer Aala/Chief Minister:-First Abu Ayub then Rabi Bin Younus.

Daily Routine

Mansur first offered Fajar prayer with jamaat. Then assembled the Royal Court and looked after the important matters. Then took a little rest. Offered Zohar prayer with jamaat. Then offered Asar prayer with jamaat. After Asar again assembled the Royal Court and settled the matters. Offered Maghrib prayer with jamaat. Take food and offer Isha prayer. Look at the posts/letters and reply the letters. After passage of 1/3rd.night go to sleep. Then wake up for **Tahajjud prayer** and remained busy in worship till Fajar prayer.

Qualities

Mansur was great scholar & mohaddis and also a great ruler.

He had awful & dignified personality.

He was brilliant & intelligent.

He was religious & pious. Punctual in Salat/Prayer & Fasting. Performed several Haj and died on 6 zilhaj while going to Haj.

He extended Masjide Haram in **138H.**

He never took benefit from **baitul mal.**

He had simple house for his personal living and simple clothes to wear, even sometimes with patches. He avoided to make clothings for his family even from **baitul mal.**

His kingdom and **baitul mal** was for the benefit of general public.

He was wrathful & terrible for his enemy but kind forgiving mercifull to others.

He wanted to establish peace & justice in his kingdom, for that he appointed just & honest Qazi/Judges & Qaziul Quzzat/Chief Justice.

Once the Chief justice Qazi Mohammed bin Imran of Madina called **Mansur** in his court and gave decision against him. He was pleased and awarded 10,000 dinar.

He had patience & tolerance and use to bear the harh languages, but not of his enemy.

He was very hard & cruel on revolters/rioters. He killed thousands to bring peace in the kingdom.

He himself observed piety therefore he was not extravagant and didn't like his governors/hakim to be extravagant.

He was very generous to **scholars & poors.**

He was very gentle and use to accept his faults.

Rebellion Abdullah bin Ali Abbasi

Abdullah announced his Khilafat/Caliphhood in **Khurasan** on the death of **Saffah**. **Mansur** sent **Abu Muslim** from one side and **Hassaan bin Qahtaba** from another side. Army of **Abdullah** ran away to **Sham** and he himself to his brother **Sulaiman** in **Basra**.

Rebellion Abu Muslim Khurasani

137H-Abu Muslim was establishing his kingdom in **Khurasan**. **Mansur** came to know and called him in his court. He refused to come. **Mansur** handled with wisdom & politics made him to attend his court. **Abu Muslim** was arrested and killed in **Shaban 137H**. This was necessary because his program was to kill the Arabs and establish **Ajami Kingdom**.

Rebellion Feroz Sanbad

138H-Feroz Sanbad (majoosi/Magi) heard the death of Abu Muslim. He captured **Rai & Neshapur** and treasury. Started looting arresting women and making slave. Claimed to destroy **Kaaba**. **Mansur** sent **Jamhur bin Murar**. He fought him in **Hamdan** and killed thousands of them. **Sanbad** flew away to **Tibritan** wher he was killed. Now **Jamhur** revolted. **Mansur** sent

Mohammed bin Ashas. He attacked on **Jamhur in Isfahan** and defeated him. Jamhur ran away to **Azarbaijan** where he was killed and his head was sent to **Mansur**.

Death of Abdullah bin Ali Abbasi

139H-As mentioned before **Abdullah** took shelter at **Sulaiman**. **Mansur** dismissed Sulaiman and called him back and asked to bring **Abdullah** with him. **Abdullah** was imprisoned where he died in **149H**.

Haj of Mansur Abbasi

140H-**Mansur** performed Haj, distributed gifts in **Harmayn**. Each and every person in Madina got something. None of the **Khalifa** ever gifted so much.

Revolt in Khurasan

140H-**Khurasani** were generally of weak belief. They believed in **Hulool** (Transmigrating of soul). **Maan bin Zaida** arrested their leaders and killed them.

149H-Some of the army revolted. **Mansur** made **Abdul Jabbar-Governor of Khurasan**. He started killing. **Mansur sent Prince Mehdi**. He camped at **Rai** and sent **Hazim bin Khuzaima**. He arrested **Abdul Jabbar** and sent him to **Mansur**. His hands and legs were cut off.

Incidents of Sindh

142H-**Aynia bin Moosa** revolted in **Sindh**. **Mansoor** sent **Umar bin Hafs**. He defeated **Aynia** and captured **Sindh**. **Abdullah bin Ashtar** met **Ibne Hafs** and started inviting towards **Aale Hashim** for Bayt. During this period **Nafs Zakiya** was killed. **Ibne Hafs** sent **Abdullah to a king of India**. **Mansur** heard this. He sent **Governor Hisham to Sindh**. He killed **Abdullah**. **Mansur** ordered to attack on the **Indian king**. He attacked and captured his kingdom. **Hisham** captured **Multan** and then **Qandhar** and constructed mosques. **Period of Hisham in Sindh was peaceful & comfortable**.

142H-**Isbahand** started giving hardship and tortures to the muslims in **Tibristan**. **Mansur** sent **Abul Khaseeb**. He sieged **Tibristan**. **Isbahand** suicided and the disturbance ended.

Movement of Aale Hashim

Mohammed Al Mehdi known as Nafs Zakiya started movement of **Khilafat in Aale Hashim in Madina**. People started collecting against **Khilafat Banu Abbas**. People of **Khurasan** was also

prepared for this movement. This was a great danger for **Mansur**.

144H-**Mansur** sent **Ribah** to Madina. He coul not arrest **Nafs Zakiya**, but he arrested all the other leaders of this movement and sent them to **Mansur**. He killed most of them.

145H-Now **Nafs Zakiya** openly started taking **Bayt/Oath**. Thousands of people of Madina took oath. People of Makka also supported him.

145H-**Mansur** sent his nephew **Eisa bin Moosa** to arrest **Nafs Zakiya** and not to kill him. **Mansur** sent a reinforcing army with **Mohammed bin Qahtaba**. Many of the people of Madina left Madina towards the jungle. After fierce fighting **Nafs Zakiya** was killed.

Mansur sent his cousin **Jafar bin Sulaiman Abbasi** for taking **Bayt/Oath** from the people of **Madina**. **Jafar** took the revenge from the people of **Madina** and also tortured **Imam Malik Ra**. Hearing this news **Mansur** asked apology from **Imam Malik Ra**. He personally met **Imam Mal9k Ra** on Haj and asked to fogive him. **Imam Malik Ra** forgave him.

Mansur paid respect and gave him a handsome amount of money.

145H-At the same time **Ibraheem bin Abdullah** started the movement in **Basra** started taking **Bayt/Oath** for **Nafs Zakiya**. Also captured **Basra Ahwaz & Khurasan**. Suddenly news of death of **Nafs Zakiya** came, which made people more angry against **Mansur**. **100,000 people collected under the flag of Ibraheem against Mansur**.

Mansur was very much disturbed he sent his son **Prince Mehdi, Eisa, Muslim bin Qutayba & Salim** towards **Ibraheem** and himself sat on the mosalla/Praying mat for 50 days praying in front of Allah. Army of **Mansur** surrounded **Ibraheem**. As usual people of **Kufa** left **Ibraheem** and returned home. **Ibraheem was martyred** and his head was sent to **Mansur**. **Mansur wept and said; I didn't liked it but unfortunately it happened**. The

brothers of Nafs Zakiya & Ibraheem were busy in the movement in **Egypt, Khurasan, Sindh, Yemen, Jazeera, Rai, Tibristan & Maghrib**. All of them either killed or arrested.

Imam Abu Haneefa Ra.

Arrested Imam Abu Hanifa Ra on refusal for becoming Qazi ul Quza, and was martyred in 150H in prison by poisoning.

He was wise scholar and brave.

143H- Imam Abu Hanifa, Malik, Ibn Mubarak, Abu Yousuf compiled Hadees, Fiqah, Tafseer, Tareekh & Seerat. Teaching of deen/religion became common.

City of Baghdad

145H- Mansur founded Baghdad on the West of Dajla river and protected the city by boundary wall with four strong iron gates at one mile apart. In the center **Royal Parliament** was made which was surrounded by another wall in the center also having 4 strong iron gates. **Jame Masjid** was made near the Palace. The city was distributed in 24,000 mohalla/localities. In every mohalla one masjid & hammam was built. Canals were taken out from Dajla river to the masjid. On the canals there were 125 bridges. Roads were 150 ft.wide.

Rasafa City

151H- This city was on the East bank of Dajla river constructed for his prince.

Beside Royal palace other palaces were also constructed.

161H- The construction was completed in 15 years.

Riots of Khwarij

137H- Mulabid Shaibani kharijee rioted. **Hameed bin Qahtaba** crushed it.

148H- Hassam Hamdani rioted **Abbasi** army crushed it totally.

Attack by Roman Kaiser

137H-Romans attacked. **Mansur** sent **Governor Jazeera Abbas bin Mohammed, Saleh & Eisa**. They fought bravely and **Romans** flew away.

149H-Zafar bin Asim attacked on **Romans** and defeated them.

155H-Kaiser Of Rome ultimately agreed to pay yearly tax to **Khalifa Banu Abbas**.

Sees claimed prophethood

150H-Hazim bin Khuzaima crushed the army of **Sees** killed thousands of false believers.

Achievements in Religious Teachings

Mansur himself was a great scholar.

He sent his son Prince Mehdi to Madina to learn religious studies from Imam Malik Ra.

Compilation of Hadees Fiqah & Tafseer.

Following are the scholars:-

1-Imam Malik-Moatta Imam Malik- Madina.

2-Imam Abu Haneefa-Fiqah-Kufa & Basra.

3-Ibne Juraij-150H- Makka

4-Imam Auzaee-157H-Sham

5-Ibne Abi Urooba-153H-Yemen

6-Hammad bin Salma - Basra

7-Sufyan Sauri-161H-Kufa-Hadees & Tafseer.

8-Ibne Ishaq bin Yasar-150H-Qualities of Prophet & Sahaba. Islamic History.

Development

136H(753AD)- Walls and defensive towers constructed in **Samarqand**.

3-Mehdi Abu Abdullah Mohammed bin Mansur

158H-169H(774-784AD)= 10 yrs. 1 month.

Age:-43 yrs.

Birth:-126H

Death:-169H

Wazeer:-Abu Abdullah-Yaqub bin Daud-Fayz bin Saleh Neshapuri.

Qualities

Mehdi studied from **Imam Malik Ra** in Madina.

He was modest, shy, gentle, generous, eloquent, pious.

He broke the high raised members in mosques and made it as in the time of Prophet SA.

He performed Haj with glory and spent 6 million dinar in charity.

He paid more attention towards the reforms & development of the country.

He made modification & expansion in Harmain.

He kept strict eyes on the kingdom affairs. His period was of justice, peace & comfort

He served the people of Makka & Madina so much that none ever did before.

He was scholar with strong belief. Respected hadees of Prophet SA. Killed atheist and infidel

Mischief of Atheism

161H-Hakeem bin Ata Khurasani was atheist and asked people to worship him. **Moaz bin Muslim** killed the followers. Hakeem himself and his family suicided by poison.

Revolt by Yousuf Albaram & Abdus Salam bin Hashim

164H-Yousuf bin Ibraheem revolted in Khurasan. **Yaaeed bin Mazeed** arrested them and killed them.

Abdus Salam revolted in Jazeera. **Shaib bin Qansreen** crushed it.

Revolt in Egypt was crushed by **Fazal bin Saleh**.

Victories & Reforms:-

160H- Captured Arbadar-India.

161H- Constructed roads & buildings in Macca. Made expansion in Haram.

163H- Captured cities of Rome. Fort Smala.

165H-Mehdi sent Prince **Haroon** to attack on Qustuntunia. **Queen Arinee** made peace on paying 90,000 dinar tax yearly.

168H- Defensive wall constructed near **Bukhara**.

One year Romans did not pay tax. **Sulaiman bin Ali-Hakim Jazeera** attacked defeated them captured booty and recovered the tax.

Mischief of Introducing False Hadees

In the time of Mansur religious teaching became so common that in non-arab countries learning, teaching & compilation of Hadees became popular, due to which mischievous jews, christians, atheists, shiya, rafzi, kharijee, qadria, jabria etc., introduced thousands of false hadees.

In 155H-Ibne Abil Auja of Kufa was arrested by **Governor of Kufa-Ibne Sulaiman** and ordered to be slaughtered. When he was beijing slaughtered he said never mind I have fabricated 4,000 hadees and made halal/lawful, haram/unlawful for you and haram, halal for you. **Mulla Ali Qari Ra** says that only Shiya has introduced 100,000 false hadees only in the virtues of Ali RA and his family.

Though the inviters towards Banu Abbas were Shiya but still when he knew about any shiya inventing false hadees he atonce cut off his head.

Mansur honoured the Scholar

Qazi Shareek was the tutor appointed by **Mansur** for his Princes **Hadi & Haroon**. Once a prince came to **Qazi Shareek** and asked about a hadees in standing position he did not reply, he asked again then even he didn't reply. Prince asked do you disgrace the princes. **Qazi Shareek** said; in the eyes of scholars value of knowledge is more than the value of prince. Hearing this the **Prince** sat on his hams respectfully in front and asked. **Qazi Shareek** said yes this is the correct way.

Scholars in Mehdi Period

Shoba Ibne Abi Zahab

Sufyan Sauri

Ibraheem bin Adham

Daud Tae Zahid

Hammad bin Salma

Ibraheem bin Tahman etc.

4-Hadi Abu Mohammed Musa bin Mehdi**169H - 170H(785-786) = 1 yr. 3 months.****Age:-23 yrs.****Birth:-147H****Death:-170H****Wazeer:-Rabey****Qualities****Qazi Shareek was tutor of Hadi.****He loved Prophet SA too much.****He was very strong, brave, clever, intelligent, generous, modest & jolly.****He was fond of play & songs, but fully devoted in kingdom affairs.****He ordered his Wazeer not to stop any needful coming to me.****He followed his father in looking after his public.****He was frank with his family members, but in the court he was determined, courageous & powerful ruler.****He was dignified & awe inspiring but drunkard. Followed advice of father and killed atheist & Infidels.****Assassination of Atheists & Apostate****The first thing he did was assassinated the apostate & Atheist.****He assassinated the believer of Peervan Mani-worshiper of 2 gods Light & Darkness.****Revolt by Hussain bin Ali****169H-Hussain bin Ali bin Hassan Al Musalas claimed his Imamatus and captured Madina.****Hadi sent Mohammed bin Sulaiman Abbasi. After fierce fighting in Makka, Hussain was****killed alongwith many other.****Abdullah bin Hassan fled to Fas and claimed Imamatus in Tunja.****Idrees bin Abdullah formed Idreesia Kingdom in Africa.****Yahya bin Abdullah revolted in Vailum.****Revolt of Hamza bin Malik Kharjee****Hamza revolted in Jazeera. Mansur bin Ziyad fought bravely but was defeated. Two persons of Mansur entered in his group and no sooner they got the chance killed him and revolt ended.****Battle with Romans****169H-Romans captured Hadeesa. Mayoof bin Yahya crushed them and captured in Roman territory upto Aashna.****5-Haroon Rasheed Abu Jafar bin Mehdi****170H-193H (786-808AD) =23 yrs.****Age:-47 yrs.****Birth:-Zilhaj 145H in Rai****Death:-J.Sani 193H****Qaziul Quzzat:- Imam Abu Yousuf Ra.****Wazeer:-Yahya Barmaki.****Ruled on:- From India & Turkistan till Atlantic Ocean except Spain.****Europeon rule was only Rome & Greece and they were also paying tax to muslims.****Qualities****Wife Zubaida was Hashmi.****He loved Prophet SA and saw in dream.****He was pious dignified, God fearing, scholar and loved scholar.****He use to offer 5 times prayer in masjid with jamaat and offered 100 rikat Nafil prayer daily.****He was foresighted, wise, insightful, intelligent, determined, generous, brave, courageous, awe inspiring & dignified.****He use to go for Jihad & Haj alternately. In 179H he went from Makka to Arafat on foot.**

He use to pay in charity 1,000 dirham daily from his pocket.

Story of Haroon's Soft heartedness

*-He use to go to **Fuzail bin Ayaz**, listen to his advices and wept too much.*

*-**Sufyan Sauri Ra** was class fellow of **Haroon**. He once wrote to **Haroon**. On the day of judgment your hands will be tied and your cruel Hakims will be behind you and you will lead them hell fire. **Haroon** cried and wept long.*

*-Once **Ibne Sammak Ra** asked **Haroon Rasheed** how much will you pay for a glass of water in acute thirst. He said hslf of my kingdom. Then **Ibne Sammak** asked if this water stops in your belly how much will you pay to take out. He said the rest of the kingdom. **Ibne Sammak** said this is the value of your kingdom, so what be proud of. **Haroon wept too much**.*

*-Once **Fuzail Ra** said to **Haroon**. Oh you handsome some you are responsible for the **Umat** and you will be asked for them. **Haroon wept badly**.*

*-Once **Haroon** requested **Ibne Sammak Ra** to advise him. He said fear **Allah Who has no partner** and believe that tomorrow you have to go in front of **Allah** and there you have to go Paradise or Hell and there is no third place. **Listening this Haroon wept so much that his beard became wet with tears**.*

*-He respected **Ibne Sammak**, **Fuzail bin Ayaz**, **Ibne Mubarak**, **Imam Mohammed**, **Imam Abu Yousuf***

*-He made student of **Imam Abu Haneefa Ra**, **Imam Abu Yousuf Qaziul Quza**.*

Revolts, Riots & Mischieves

***176H-yahya Bin Abdullah** revolted in **Vailum**. **Fazal Barmaki** crushed the riot. **Yahya** came to **Haroon** asked for peace treaty. **Haroon** gave peace, then the **Aal Sadat didn't revolted**.*

***176H-Abul Hazzam Kharjee** rioted in **Sham**. This continued several years thousands of people were killed and ened on the death of **Abul Hazzam in 182H**.*

Victories:-

***173H-Dabsa city** was captured by **Abdur Rahman bin Saleh**.*

***176H- Dabistan**.*

***181H- Fort Saf Saf** was captured by **Ameerul Momineen** himself.*

***183H-Mutiny in Armeenia** 100,000 muslims were killed.*

***187H- King Naqfur** wrote letter that whatever previous Queen agreed was her weakness. Now you return all the tax otherwise sword will make the decision. Reading this letter **Haroon** became so furious that his face became red. **Haroon** wrote at the back of the letter by his own pen; Oh you **Roman dog son of infidel** you will not listen the reply but you will see by your own eyes. **Haroon attacked so fast & fiercely that the King was surprised. The capital was destroyed and thousands of Roman army was killed. King apologized and made peace on previous terms**.*

***188H-King Naqfur** broke the treaty. This time **Haroon** sent **Ibraheem bin Jibreel** with 135,000 army. **Ibraheem defeated the King** killed 40,000 army and arrested 70,000. Captured the famous Roman forts at the border. **Qunia & Anotolia** was also captured. Muslims settled in **Tartoos, Marunia, Maseesa etc**. **King had to make peace treaty. Haroon made army camps at the sea shore of Sham**.*

***190H- Rome City of Harqal, Fort Saqalia, Malqunia & Qunia** was captured by **Yazeed bin Mohammed**.*

***190H-Cyprus** was captured by **Hameed bin Mayuf** and 16,000 people were arrested.*

***192H- Khurasan**.*

Baghdad Bride of Kingdom

12 miles long 3 miles wide. One million population. 30,000 mosques & 10,000 hammam.

Royal Palaces, Palaces of princes, ministers & army generals. Hundreds of madaris & schools.

To describe the beauty & dignity of Baghdad several books have been written.

Library of Haroon

***Baghdad** becomes center of arts and learning.*

The library of **Mansur & Mehdi** was further expanded & beautified. Further books on different subjects were added.

Scholars of Haroon Period

Imam Malik

Imam Lays bin SaadI

Imam Moosa Kazim

Imam Abu Yousuf-Student of Imam Abu Hanifal

Imam Mohammed-

Abdullah bin Mubarak

Yahya bin Saeed

Yahya bin Zakaria

Hifs bin Ghyas

Hakam bin Abdullah

Sufyan bin Aynia

Development

178H-New congregational mosque built in Bukhara.

6-Ameenur Rasheed bin Haroon

193H-198H(808-813)=5 yrs.

Age:-27 yrs.

Birth:-170H

Death:-Mhrm. 198H

His mother was Zubayda from Hashmi family.

Ameen was pure Hashmi.

Handsome scholar and brave. Killed lion but unable for Khilafat. He was killed by Iranies, Mamoon was very sad on his murder.

Ameen wanted to deprive **Mamoon** from Khilafat. Moreover he wanted to arrest **Mamoon**.

Mamoon tried his best to settle the matter with peace but could not succeed.

Bayt Khilafat by Mamoon

Fazal bin Sahal a trustworthy honourable new muslim General gave suggestion to Mamoon that there is no way for you except to bayt for khilafat. Mamoon said I will follow your advice. Now its accomplishment is in your hand. Mamoon prepared a huge army and sent it to Rai under the command of his slave Tahir.

Tahir fought bravely and defeated Ameen's army at every place. Entire muslim world accepted the Khilafat of Mamoon except Baghdad. **Tahir** sieged Baghdad. After one year of siege people were fed up and surrendered. Ameen was arrested and killed. Mamoon was very sad on the death of Ameen.

Scholars Mohadiseen & Fugaha

Shaqeeq Balkhi

Hammad bin Abi Haneefa-Qazi Kufa-D:176H.

Hafs bin Abdur Rahman Neshapuri-Qazi Baghdad-D:199H

Hammad bin Dalil-Qazi Madain

Khalid bin Sulaiman-Imam Balkh-D:199H.

Daud bin Naseer-Abu Haneefa's student-D:165H.

Israel bin Yunus- " D:160H.

Asad bin Amar- " D:188H.

Shareek bin Abdullah " Qazi Wast-D:178H.

Shoayb bin Ishaq " D:189H.

Amar bin Maimoon Qazi Baghdad-D:171H.

Abdul Karim bin Mohammed Jarjani-D:181H.

Zohair bin Moavia D:173H.

7-Mamoonur Rasheed Abdullah bin Haroon

198H-218H(813-833AD)=20 yrs.5 months

Age:-48 yrs

Birth:-R.Awal 170H.

Death:-J.Sani 218H.

Qaziul Quzzat:-Qazi Yahya bin Aqsam- his students were Imam Bukhari & Tirmizi.

Qazi Ahmed bin Abi Daud- he was Motazili/Shiya.

Wazeer Aala:-Fazal bin Sahal- murdered in 201H.

Hassaan bin Abi Khalid- died in 216H.

Ahmed bin Yousuf,

Sabit bin Yahya

Abu Abdullah bin Yazdad

Tutor:-Jafar Barmaki was Shiya therefore Mamoon was influenced by him.

Qualities.

He loved Prophet SA too much.

He had all the qualities of his father Haroon.

He attended the teachings of Imam Malik Ra with his father.

His memory was very sharp and was Hafiz of hadees and great scholar.

He believed in **Khalqe Quran** and forced scholar to belief. Exiled **Imam Hanbal Ra** to Rome.

Revolts Riots & Mischieves

Claim of Imamatus by Ibne Taba Taba

199H-Abu Abdullah Mohammed Taba Taba claimed for Imamatus. **Abu Saraya** a dacoit supported him and as usual people of **Kufa** supported him. **Hassan bin Sahal** sent **Zohair Bin Mosayab** with 10,000 army fought bravely but was defeated. **Abu Saraya** captured **Kufa,Basra,**

Makka & Yemem. Harsma & Hassan bin Mohani defeated him and was killed. The leaders of Banu Fatima was arrested and sent to **Mamoon** but he freed them.

Murder of Harsma

200H-Harsma wanted to inform **Mamoon** about the victory but **Fazal** was Irani and **Harsma** was Arabi so he killed **Harsma**.

201H-Mohammed bin Abi Khalid was selected in place of **Harsma** by the people of **Baghdad**

Abi Khalid defeated the army of **Hassan**, but Hassan collected the army and reattacked and killed

Abi Khalid. Fazal was the leader of all this problem. So **Mamoon** arrested him and killed him.

204H-Mamoon came back to **Baghdad**. All of a sudden **Tahir** came back to Mamoon.

206H-Mamoon made **Tahir Governor General of Khurasan to Sindh.**

208H-Tahir became rebellion after two years, but before his arrest he died.

Revolt of Zat

205H-zat/jat at Persian Gulf revolted. **Eisa bin Yazeed** crushed them.

Revolt of Nasar bin Sayar

209H-Abdullah bin Tahir was made the **Governor of Riqa to Egypt** and sent to crush the revolt of Nasar in Kusum. **Abdullah** arrested him and sent him to **Mamoon**.

Revolt of Alveen

210H-Mamoon was lenient on **Alveen** but every time they revolted, ultimately **Mamoon** arrested them all and assassinated them.

Revolt of Egypt & Iskandria/Alexandra

210H-Abdullah bin Tahir crushed the revolt and returned back.

Revolt of Musal

211H-Mohammed bin Toosi was made **Governor of Musal**. He crushed the revolt and peace came.

Revolt of Babuk Khormi

209H-Irani's are of weak belief so all the time different type of movements of false belief arises. They believe in that the soul of one person after his death transfers into

another person. Mamoon made several attacks but could not succeed in crushing this movement.

At the time of Motasim this movement was crushed.

Library of Mamoon

He was a great Philosopher but was rigid on Islam. The only bad thing was that he believed in Khalq Quran.

He was a great scholar having knowledge on different subjects and collected thousands of books on these subjects and translated them in Arabic.

Following are the subjects:-

Mathematics, Algebra & Trigonometry

Hikmat & medicine

Science & Technology. Density of substances. Distance measuring instruments of Planets.

Astronomy-Distances of Sun, Moon, Planets & Stars from Earth. Laboratory of astronomical instruments.

History

Geography, Map of world showing Continents, Oceans & populated areas. Longitude & Latitude.

Scholars Mohadis & Faqih

Eisa bin Yousuf-Hadees from Imam Malik & Fiqah from Imam Abu Haneefa. D:187H.

Hassan bin Ziyad-Student of Imam Abu Haneefa. D:202H

Moosa bin Sulaiman-Fiqah from Imam Mohammed & Hadees from Abu Yousuf & Ibne Mubarak.

Assam bin Yousuf -Fiqah from Abu Yousuf. D:201H.

Hussain bin Hafs-Student Abu Yousuf. Qazi-Isfahan. D:210H

Moalla bin Mansur Razi-Student Imam Mohammed & Abu Yousuf. D:211H.

Dhahak bin Mokhallad-Student Imam Abu Haneefa. D:213H.

Bishr bin Abi Azhar-Fiqah Ine Mubarak & Hadees Abu Yousuf. D:213H.

Khalf bin Ayub-Follower Ibraheem Bin Adham. D:215H.

Mohammed bin Abdullah-Qazi Baghdad & Basra. D:215H.

Ibraheem bin Aljarrah-Student Abu Yousuf. D:217H.

Victories

201H- Kabul, Sindh, Qasri, Kashmeer, Tibet, Bukhan Darawar, Farghana & Turkistan.

212H- Crete & Saqlia/Sicily Islands by Aglabids.

215H- Fort Qurra, Majda & Saad of Rome, and Egypt.

217H- Attacked Rome again and populated most of the cities by muslims

Development & Reforms

215H-Foundation of Great Mosque @ Qairvan.

8-Motasim billah bin Haroon

218H-227H (833-842AD)=8 yrs.8 months

Age:-48 yrs

Birth:-180H.

Death:-R.Awal 227H.

Qaziul Quzzat:-Qazi Ahmed bin Abi Daud(motazili)

Wazeer Aala:-Fazal bin Marwan-Ahmed bin Ammar-Mohammed bin Abdul Malik.

Qualities

He was of strong body & heart, brave, courageous, terrifying & awful personality.

He use to lift 200 kg weight and walk easily.

He was powerful & self determined still of high morality & good manners.

Question of Khalq Quran

Motasim insisted on Imam Hanbal to accept the belief of Khalq Quran.

Imam Hanbal said give me the proof by Quran & Hadees.

Imam Hanbal asked Knowledge of Allah is Makhlooq/Creature or Ghayr makhlooq/ non - creature. There was no reply.

Imam Ahmed was brought daily in chains and whipped. One day Imam Hanbal Ra was being brought for whipping a thief **Abul Hasheem** said Hanbal I am a thief and had been whipped 18,000 times but still I did not give up, though I know that I am wrong and you being on **Haq/Truth** should be more firm. So never give up. Imam Hanbal says that whenever I felt pain by whipping I remembered the words of thief **Abul Hasheem**.

Imam Hanbal was whipped 80 times. This ended on the death of Wasiq bin Motasim.

REVOLTS RIOTS & VICTORIES

Revolts by Alvieen

219H-Mohammed bin Qasim bin Ali claimed his Imamatus in Khurasan. Hakim Khurasan fought and arrested him. He sent him to **Motasim**. He imprisoned him in Samra. On Eid day he flew away and disappeared. **Zaydia group of Shiya believes that Abdullah bin Qasim is Imam Mehdi and will appear again.**

Revolt by Babuk Khurmi

222H-This movement started at the time of Mamoon. **Afsheen** with a great army attacked and after fierce fighting he was defeated. He flew away to the mountainous area of **Armenia**.

Afsheen followed him and arrested him. **Afsheen** took him to **Motasim**. He welcomed Afsheen and rewarded him with **crown on his head 2,000,000 dirham** to him and 1,000,000 dirham to his army. **Motasim** called **Babuk** in his court and said you have killed 125,000 of my people in 20 years. His hands & legs were cut. His head was sent to **Khurasan and body was hanged in Samra for lesson. 60,600 muslim women & children were freed from arrest of Babuk.**

223H-Babuki movement raised in Armenia & Azarbaijan. Afsheen crushed the movement.

Hamduvia bin Ali was made the Ruler of Armeenia. He brought peace.

224H-Maziar-Ruler of Tibristan stopped paying tax. **Motasim** arrested him and whipped him he died. Entire **Tibristan was captured.**

Revolt of Mankujor

Mankujor-Governor of Azarbaijan revolted. **Motasim** sent the army. The army arrested him and brought to Motasim. He imprisoned him.

Revolt of Jafar Bin Fahar Kurdi

A kurd Jafar bin Fahar revolted. **Motasim** sent Abdullah bin Syed, he was defeated. Then he sent a Turkish commander, he crushed the revolt. Killed Jafar.

Revolt of Mubarqa

227H-Abu Harb Mubarqa of Palastine claimed prophethood. Motasim sent Rija bin Ayub with 1,000 army he arrested him and sent to **Motasim. He assassinated him.**

Victory of Amuria

223H- King Tufil of Rome attacked and killed muslim men and arrested the women.

Motasim with huge army attacked and broke the boundary wall of **Amoria** entered the city fought fiercely thousands of army was killed and thousands were wounded and city was captured. The people were given peace. 20,000 army was arrested and killed. A huge quantity of booty was obtained.

Revolt by Abbas bin Mamoon

224H-Some of the army Generals supported Abbas to takeover the kingdom. **Motasim** came back from **Amuria** and arrested **Abbas** and his family supporter and imprisoned them where they died. Arrested the Generals who supported Abbas and assassinated them.

Rise of Turks

In the period of Mamoon & Motasim, Ajami's/Non-arabs were given the high ranks in the kingdom. Turks were purchased from Samarqand & Farghana for this purpose. They also gave a great performance.

Motasim gave preference to Turks on Arabs & Iranis, the result was that these Generals started hating the Turks.

Samra City for Turks

A very beautiful city near Baghdad was constructed for Turks. In few years it became like Baghdad. It was given the name Sarman Rai which later became **Samra**. **It was the Capital of Motasim.**

The Turks instead of being thankful became proud and started giving hard times to Arabs.

Ultimately Motasim also felt the danger.

The decline of khilafat Banu Abbas was because of these slave Turks, and all the responsibility is on Motasim, who took the future of the Khilafat from Arab Leaders and handed over to the Slave Turks.

Assassination of Commander Afsheen

226H-Relation between Motasim & Afsheen became tense. Afsheen invited Motasim & other generals on feast, the programme was to poison them. Motasim got information he arrested Afsheen and assassinated him. His body was hanged on main gate for lesson to others.

King's of following countries were under his Khilafat:-

Azarbaijan. Tibristan. Seestan. Farghana(Uzbekistan). Takharistan & Kabul.

Development & Reforms

221H-Built a new capital city **Samara near Baghdad.**

233H-Foundation of **Great Mosque at Samara.**

9-Wasiq billah Haroon bin Motasim

227H - 232H(841-846AD)=5 yrs. 9 months.

Age:-46H.

Birth:-186H near Nakka.

Death:-Zilhaj 232H

Qaziul Quzzat:-Qazi Ibne Abi Daud(motazili).

Deputy Ruler:-Ashnas Turk

Wazeer Aala:-Mohammed bin Abdul Malik

Governors:-Yemen-Etakh Turk.

Madina-Mohammed bin Saleh Abbasi.

Makka-Mohammed bin Daud.

Khurasan,Kirman,Tibristan & Rai-Tahir bin Abdullah.

Safura & Awasim-Saeed bin Muslim.

Qualities

He also followed his father and gave too much rights to Slave Turks.

He created the post **Deputy Ruler.**

He was very generous and kind to **Alvieen.**

He was humble and well behaved.

Question of Khalqe Quran

Ahmed bin Daood motazili misguided the **Wasiq to believe in Khalqe Quran. Punished Imam Hanbal Ra and killed Ahmed bin Nasar Ra.**

Abdullah bin Mohammed Azdi was arrested amongst the scholars. He was brought in the court of **Wasiq.**

Ibne Azdi asked the Qazi. The thing towards which you are calling did **Prophet SA knew about it? **Qazi** said yes.**

Ibne Azdi asked. Then why did **Prophet SA didn't call the people.**

Qazi could not reply.

Ibne Azdi said. The thing which **Prophet SA didn't do why you are doing?**

This struck the heart of **Wasiq. He rewarded **Ibne Azdi** and freed **Ahmed bin Hanbal Ra**.**

Khalifa in last days was guided by **Ibne Azdi Ra and corrected his belief.**

REVOLTS RIOTS & VICTORIES

Riots by Arabs of Hijaz

230H-When the arabs saw that their rights have been given to Turks,they rioted in Hijaz and started looting & killing. **Commander Abi Moosa Bafaul Kabeer Turk** crushed the riot and arrested thousands of rioters.

Khuruj by Ahmed bin Nasar

231H-Mohaddis Ahmed bin Nasar revolted because of wrong belief of **Wasiq** regarding **Khalqe Quran**, thousands of people followed him. **Mohammed bin Ibraheem** arrested the leaders and **Ahmed bin Nasar** and sent them to Wasiq. Wasiq killed him on the saying of Qazi Abi Daud motazili.

Riots in Armeenia

Arabs revolted in Armeenia. **Ahmed bin Khalid** crushed the riot and brought peace.

Riots by Khawarij

231H-Mohammed bin Abdullah Kharijee rioted in **Diyare Rabia**. **Aalim bin Muslim** crushed the riot arrested the Kharijee. Wasiq assassinated him.

Riots by Kurd of Isfahan

Commander Rausiat Turk arrested 500 young Kurd.

Riots by Banu Numayr

232H-People of Yamama rioted. **Bafaul Kabeer** crushed the riots killed the rioters arrested some and whipped them.

victories

228H-Fazal bin Jafar Hamdani captured some of the islands of **Sicily**

229H-Abul Abbas attacked on **Surra** fought bravely killed 10,000 **Romans**. **Only 3 muslims** were martyred.

232H-Fazal bin Jafar attacked **Seni** and captured it.

232H-City Tarnat was inhabited by muslims.

10- Motawakal Alallah Jafar bin Motasim

232H-247H(846-861AD) = 15 yrs.

Age:- 41 yrs.

Birth:-Shawal 206H.

Death:- 247H.

Qaziul Quzza:-Ahmed bin Abi Daud motazili-Yahya bin Aqsam-Jafar bin Abdul Wahid.

Wazeer Aala-Ibne Ziyat-Ahmed bin Khalid-Mohammed bin Fazal-Ubaidullah Bin Yahya bin Khaqan

Governor:- Musal-Ghanim bin Mohammed Tusi.

Harmayn,Yemen & Taif- Muntasir bin Motawakal.

Qualities

Motawakal made effort to revive Sunna.

His great work was revival of Sunna and to stop the mischieves of Motazili,Qadri & other false movements.

He was totally against **Khalqe Quran**.

He collected all the Mohadiseen in 234H at Capital Samra on feast rewarded them.

He deputed **Abu Bakr bin Abi Shayba in Jame Resafa & Usman bin Abi Shayba in Jame Mansur to give lecture of hadees**. 30,000 people daily attended their lecture.

He took care of his public and made justice with them. His justice was well known.

His period was of goodness,welfare,prosperity,comfort,tranquility,freedom,happiness & greeness.

In the beginning bribery was common, but he punished the high officials and closed the door of bribery. The roads were peaceful. Things were cheap. Merchants were well off. Due to construction of palaces,buildings & roads labour and poor people were benefitted.

He was humble gentle & generous but not extravagant.

He had faith on Imam Shafae Ra.

He liked **Zunnun Misri Ra**. He called him from **Egypt** to have company with him and respected him too much.

He enjoyed the luxurious companies, but not so much as the Shiya historians have written about him. Because he was against Shiyas.

Spreading of Religious Knowledge

Motawakal period famous books of hadees was written and published for example:-

Abu Daud-Tirmizi-Ibne Maja-Musnad Haris-Musnad Darimi.

Tabqat Ibne Saad- Futuhul Buldan.

Only in Baghdad 800 Shaikhs were giving dars/lectures.

REVOLTS RIOTS & VICTORIES

232H-Motawakal imprisoned Wazeer Ibne ziyat.

Revolt of Ibne Baees

*234H-Mohammed bin Baees Chief of Azarbaijan revolted. He was arrested by **Bagha** and imprisoned where he died.*

Prophethood claim by Mahmood bin Faraj

235H-Mahmood was arrested and assassinated. His followers were sentenced to jail.

Revolt in Armeenia by Batareeq

*Boqrat bin Ashwat revolted in Armeenia. Hakim Yousuf fought bravely but was martyred. **Bagha** was sent. He crushed the revolt arrested Moosa bin Zurara sent him to Capital. Then advanced towards revolters killed 20,000 Armeenians and thousands were arrested. Then advanced towards*

*Deebal & Teflees killed the **Hakim-Ishaq bin Ismaeel** the revolter. Then he advanced to **Safarya** where the Romans came for help with huge army, so Bagha was defeated.*

***Khalid bin Yazeed** was sent. He defeated the **Romans** and they agreed to pay tax.*

Yafarya State in Sana-Yemen

*236H-Abdur Raheem bin Ibraheem was Asst. Ruler of Sana deputed by Governor of Yemen. His administration was very good. He died. His son **Yafer** also ruled properly. People liked him very much so he became the ruler of Sana and formed **Yafarya State**. **Yafarya family** ruled upto 387H.*

Safaaria State in Sajistan

*237H-Yaqub bin Lays Safaari founded **Safaaria State in Sajistan**.*

Romans attack on Egypt

*238H-Romans attacked on Damiyat-Egypt by 300 armed ships, burnt the Jame Masjid, killed the men arrested the women and was about to leave the shore when an imprisoned **Ameer-Basar bin Akshaf** broke his chains took thousands of people and attacked on Romans, killed hundreds of them. After this incidence **Motawakal** constructed several forts along the shore deputed army for protection.*

Revolt in Hims

*240H-People of Hims revolted. Turned out the Hakim-Abul Moghees Moosa. **Motawakalm** made **Mohammed bin Abdviya Governor of Hims**. He crushed the revolt arrested the revolters whipped and assassinated them and hanged their body for lesson.*

Exchange of Prisoners

*241H-A very cruel Roman Queen Tadora arrested 12,000 muslims and started killing them. **Motawakal sent Qazi Jafar bin Abdul Wahid to Rome**. Only 285 men & 125 women were left.*

More than hundred of zimmi christians were also got freed.

Invasion of Bijat on Egypt

*241H-The area between Egypt & Ethopia was populated by Barbarians. The area was rich in mines of gold,silver & jewels. The tribes of Rabea & Jahanya use to pay 100 misqal gold in tax. The ruler **Ali Baba** stopped paying tax and attacked on Egypt. **Motawakal sent Mohammed bin Abdullah Qumi**. He attacked with horses having bell in their neck. **Ali Babas** camels got out of control with ringing bell sound.and was defeated. **Ali Baba** requested for peace. He paid four years tax at the rate of 400 misqal gold yearly.*

Victories & Reforms:-

Saqlia was captured and populated by muslims.

234H-Raghus was taken over by muslims.

235H- Motawakal ordered Christians to wear tie to differentiate from muslim.

235H-Romans attacked on Qasriyana and killed muslims without any reason. **Abbas bin Fazal - Governor of Saqlia** took the revenge from Romans. His uncle **Ribah** went towards **Fort Abi Saur** and killed thousands of Romans.

238H-Abbas captured Qasriyana, Qutana, Sartula, Nutas Raghus & Tabseera.

242H-Abbas destroyed the Roman forts.

242H-Abbas attacked with Naval fleet on **Qasriyana**. Out of 40 Roman armed ships 10 were captured. **Capital Qasriyana** was captured. Constructed a mosque and next friday offered **Juma Prayer**. A large quantity of booty was obtained.

243H-Abbas destroyed **Fort Hadeed**.

243H-Roman Emperor sent a fleet of 300 armed ships to **Saqlia**. **Great Mujahid Abbas** defeated the Romans. Killed thousands of them and captured 100 ships. Then he constructed forts and established army camps.

245H-Abbas captured **Sarqusa** and advanced towards **Qarqana** on the way he passed away. The Romans in revenge took out his body from grave and burnt it.

245H-Motawakal deputed Bafa Kabir on the Roman Border. He captured **Dhamla**. **Romans** attacked on **Sumyat** and killed hundreds of muslims. **Ali bin Yahya** attacked on **Karkara** and arrested **Roman General**. **Roman Emperor** exchanged him against muslims.

246H-Yahya attacked on Romans and arrested 400 of them.

246H-Fazal bin Qaran attacked with 20 ships and captured the Fort of **Antakia**.

Sindh

235H-Governor-Haroon bin Abi Khalid crushed the riots for five years and was killed. **Umar bin Abdul Aziz Habari** captured the capital **Mansura** and requested **Motawakal** for its rulership. He agreed. **Ibnul Aziz** fomed his state.

Alvieen

237H-Shiya started prostrating the tomb of Imam Hussain RA. **Motawakal** demolished the dome.

New city Jafarya

245H-A new city Jafarya was built few miles from **Samra**. A grandeur palace was built named **Qasre Lulu/Pearl Palace**.

Murder of Motawakal

247H-Motawakal was fed up with the Turks, first of all he killed **Ameer Eitakh** and was planning for others. Turks became alert and one night when **Motawakal** was in the company of drinking Nabeez they killed him.

11-Muntasir billah bin Motawakal

247H-248H(861-861) = 6 months.

Age:-26 yrs.

Birth:-222H.

Death:-R.Sani 248H. Qadsia.

Qaziul Quzza:-Jafar bin Abdul Wahid Hashmi.

Wazeer Aala:-Ahmed bin Khaseeb.

Qualities

Muntasir was modest,gentle,obliging,well mannered,dignified, strong tolerant & bravel He facilitated Shiya and was miser.

Revolt of Abul Umood Sharibi

Abul Umood Sharbi in Musal & Bawaranj in Yemen revolted. **Seema Turkey** crushed the revolt, arrested **Abul Umood** and sent him to **Muntasir**. He took oath of obedience and freed him.

Victories

247H-Ameer Saqlia Abdullah bin Abbas captured fort Jabal bin Malik, Armeen, Mushrea & other forts.

Murder of Muntasir

248H-Muntasir wanted to turn out Turks from kingdom. Turks conspired and poisoned him to death.

12-Mustaeen billah bin Mohammed bin Motasim

248H-252H(861-865AD)= 3 yrs. 9 months.

Age:- 31 yrs.

Birth:-221H.

Death:-252H.

Qaziul Quzza:- Hassan bin Abi Shwarib

Wazeer Aala:-Atamish Turkey.

Revolt by Alvieen

250H-Yahya bin Umar got freedom frm Baghdad came to Kufa and claimed for Khilafat.

Ameer Baghdad sent Hassan bin Ibraheem. He fought and killed Yahya.

Alvi State in Tibristan

250H-Hassan bin Yazeed Alvi captured Tibristan and founded **Alvi State**. His family ruled upto 316H.

Roman borders

Two brave Commanders Umar bin Abdullah & Ali bin Yahya use to fight bravely crush the Roman attacks. They were also martyred. Now the Romans started attacking and killing muslims.

Mustaeen had no power to stop them.

Kingdom Administration

Turks were illiterate nation they destroyed the kingdom administration.

252H-The Turk ministers overthrew Mustaeen and took Bait of Motaz.

Murder of Mustaeen

Shawal 252H-Mustaeen was killed by bodyguard Saeed.

Development & Reforms

249H-Qubba al-Suaybiya mausoleum, Samara, first monumental Islamic tomb.

13-Motaz billah bin Motawakal

252H-255H(865-868AD)=3 yrs.

Age:-24Yrs.

Birth:-231H.

Death:-Shaban 255H. Murdered by Turks.

Qaziul Quzza:-

Wazeer Aala:-Abul Fazal Jafar bin Mahmood-Eisa bin Farkhan Shah-Ahmed bin Israel.

Qualities

Motaz was always busy in enjoyment & luxuries.

He was a learned eloquent speaker.

Revolt by Masawir Kharjee

252H-Masawir Abdullah bin Kharjee defeated Governor Musal-Uqba bin Mohammed.

253H-Masawir defeated Governor Musal-Ayub bin Umar.

255H-Masawir defeated Governor Musal-Abdullah bin Sulaiman.

257H-Masawir captured most of **Iraq**.

Idreesia State in Maghrib by Alvieen

253H-Idrees bin Abdullah formed Idreesia State in **Maghribi Africa**.

Zaydia State in Tibristan by Alvieen

250-270H Hassan bin Zayd

270-279H Mohammed bin Zayd

300-304H Hassan Atrush bin Ali

304-355H Hassan bin Qasim.

Tuluniya State in Egypt by Turks

254H-Tulun was a Turkish slave his son Ahmed was made the Governor of Egypt.

258H-Ahmed bin Tulun formed the Tuluniya State and became the Ruler of Egypt.

254-292H-This State remained under Khilafat Abbasi. They ruled justly, peacefully & developed the state in such a way that the people remained peaceful, comfortable and happy.

Following were the Rulers:-

254-270H:-Ahmed bin Tulun

270-282H:-Khumarviya bin Ahmed

282-283H:-Jaish bin Khumarvia

283-292H:-Haroon bin Khumarvia

292-292H:-Shaiban bin Ahmed

Throwing off from khilafat

Shaban 255H-Motaz was thrown off from khilafat by the Turks and after five days killed him.

14-Mohtadi billah bin Wasiq

255H-256H(868-869AD) = 1 yr.

Age:-46 Yrs.

Birth:-210H.

Death:-Rajab 256H.

Qaziul Quzza:-Hassan bin Mohammed bin Abi Shurab.

Wazeer Aala:-Mahmood bin Jafar-Sulaiman bin Wahab.

Qualities

Mohtadi was very religious, pious, god fearing,

He established justice in his kingdom. Once someone claimed against his son. He called the prince in his court. Prince agreed his fault. Mohtadi at once gave the right to the claimant.

He totally stopped play & songs.

He was brave and tried his best to establish the commandments of Allah but no one helped him.

He use to worship most of the night.

He mostly fasted.

His living was simple. He ate simple. He dressed simple.

He use to say that in Banu Umaya man like Umar bin Abdul Aziz was born and there is none like him in Banu Abbas, therefore I have adopted this way.

He loved Sunna & family of Prophet SA.

Revolt by Masawir Kharijee

255H-Masawir Kharijee captured Musal.

Revolt by Saheb-uz-Zang

255H-Ali bin Abdur Rahim Az-zang came to Bahrain. This was the center of Shiyan Ali. He posed himself to be Shiya and took bayt by the Habshi slaves. He announced that any slave coming to me will get freedom. Thousands of Habshi slaves gathered under his flag. Sahebuz Zang was actually Kharijee but he posed himself to be Shiya. Abu Hilal Turk attacked but was defeated.

Abul Mansur attacked but he was also defeated. The Zangi (Habshi) started looting and killing. Zangis(Habshi) attacked on Ayla and burnt the entire city.

256H-Moosa bin Bagha killed Saleh bin Waseef.

Murder of Mohtadi

Rajab 256H-Moosa bin Bagha attacked on Mohtadi. He fought bravely and killed 4,000 Turks, but his people became coward so he was arrested and martyred.

15-Motamid Alallah bin Motawakal

256H-279H(869-892AD) =23 yrs.

Age:-50 yrs.

Birth:-229H.

Death:-279H.

Qaziul Quzza:-Hassan bin Mohammed bin Shawarib.-Ali bin Mohammed.

Asst. Ruler:- Mowafiq bin Motawakal.

Mowafiq was actually ruling the kingdom. **He** crushed the bloody riots of **Zangi**.

He tried his level best to retain the **Khilafat banu Abbas** and gave up his life but

could not succeed because the members of the kingdom was hopeless. **He** was brave,courageous and commanded the army in the battlefield successfully.

His awful & dignified personality terrified the leader of Turks.

His death was a great loss for the Khilafat of Banu Abbas.

Wazeer Aala:-Ubaydullah bin Yahya bin Khaqan.

Hassan bin Mokhallad.

Sulaiman bin Wahab.

Governor:-Eastern Area-Mowafiq bin Motawakal.

Egypt & Maghrib-Jafar bin Motamid.

Qualities

Motamid was total failure as a ruler. His life was spent in play,song & dances.

Anarchy

Safaria State:- Sajistan- Kirman- Persia. **Ruled by Yaqub Safaari.**

Zaydia State:-Tibristan-Jarjan etc.

Samania State:-Ma wara un Nahar-Capital Samarqand.

Aghalib State:-North Africa.

Sahebuz Zang:-Basra-Ayla

Revolt of Governor Sham-Eisa bin Shaikh

257H-Eisa revolted. Motamid made Ameer Amajore Turk-Governor. He attacked and killed Mansur s/o Eisa. He flew away to Armeenia.

Riots of Sahebuz Zang

252-270H:- A Sudani leader Bahbud Zangi declared himself Prophet and on the member openly use to abuse all the sahaba except Shakhain RA. He rioted for 7 years in Iraq and a large portion was under their control. They made too much killing & looting. They arrested the women of noble families and sold them as slaves. Only in Basra in one day 300,000 muslims were killed. **Mohallabi s/o Sahebuz Zang** killed 1,500,000 muslims in Basra. Totally about 10,000,000 muslims were killed.

270H-Mowafiq bin Motawakal & Abul Abbas bin Motamid took a great army killed thousands of **Zangis** and **Sahebuz Zang & his son Mohallabi** and ended this riot. When they entered **Baghdad** victorious warm welcome was given to them. **People of Baghdad enlightened the city with happiness. The leaders head were cut and posted on poles for lesson.**

Tuluniya State

262H-Ibne Tulun captured Egypt & Sham. **Motamid** handed over the State to **Ibne Tulun**. He became happy and sent too much gifts to **Motamid**.

263H-Romans attacked killed muslims and captured **Fort Lulu**. Moreover went on attacking and killing muslims.

264H-Ibne Tulun strengthened his state and attacked on Roman borders and captured **Tarsoos** killed the Romans, advanced inside Roman territories destroyed several of their cities & forts.

Fear & Terror of Ibne Tulun was so much entered in their hearts that **Roman King** left the area and sent gifts to **Ibne Tulun**.

265H-Muslims & Roman fleet fought bravely near **Sicily** but muslims were defeated they returned back to **Sicily**.

270H-Romans attacked on **Tartoos** with 100,000 army. **Slave of Ibne Tulun- Mazyra** fought bravely and killed 70,000 **Romans**. **Ruler Albatarqa** was also killed and huge amount of booty was obtained.

270H-Ameer Saqlia Jafer bin Mohammed captured **Sarqooma** with Naval & Land forces. An armed fleet came from **Qustuntunia** and was also defeated. This ended the Roman attacks.

Alvieen

260H-Imam Abu Mohammed Hassan Askari 11th Imam of Shiya Asna Ashriya died .

After his death some shiya believe in 12th Imam Mohammed Askari who has disappeared and will come as **Imam Mehdi**. Some believe that Imammat has ended. After **Imam Jafer Sadiq the 6th Imam** shiya's are divided in two main groups. **Ismaeelia & Imamia**.

Imamia:-They believe from **Imam Moosa Kazim till Imam Mehdi to come**.

Ismaeelia:-They believe in **Imam Ismaeel** and in his family Imammat will continue.

Batinya:-This is a branch of Ismaeelia and created in the time of Motamid. The main leader was **Abdullah bin Maimoon Majusi (fire worshiper)** after accepting Islam claimed prophethood in **Salmia a town of Hims(Sham)**. **From here the Shiya Batinya started**.

Qaramta:-This is also a branch of Ismaeelia created in the time of Motamid. **Hamdani Qaramt** came from **Khozistan to Kufa** and claimed his Imammat in a town **Nahrain**. **Ameer Kufa-Hasheem** arrested him. At night the slave girl helped him in escape. In the morning he gained popularity of disappearing by his miracle.

Tuluniya

270H-After the death of Tulun. His son **Khumarvia** fought with **Abul Abbas** and got victory.

Death of Motamid

279H-Motamid ate and drank wine too much and died. Some say that he was poisoned.

Samania State-261-395H(864-999AD)

Ismaeel bin Ahmed bin Asad Samani founded the kingdom on

Tibristan-Sajistan-Khurasan-Mazindan-Rai-Isfahan-Ma wara un Nahar.

Capital was Samarqand.

Kings of Samania:-

261H- Ismaeel bin Ahmed:-Capital-Samarqand. He was brave,well mannered,kind & just.

297H- Ahmed bin Ismaeel:-Capital-Bukhara--Brave but immoral. Courtiers killed him.

Ruled for 6 yrs.

303H- Abul Hassan Nasar bin Ahmed:-He was very famous king. Because of his kindness he was known as Ameer Saeed.

331H- Nuh bin Nasar:- He always had to face the Rulers of Vailum and got victory.

343H- Abdul Malik bin Nuh:- He always had to face the Rulers of Vailum and got victory.

350H- Mansur bin Nuh:- His Commander Alaptageen flew away to Ghazni and his slave

Subuktageen formed his kingdom in **Ghazni**

365H- Nuh bin Mansur:- In his time Addudaulah captured Iraq and Shamsulmal Qabus captured Jarjan & Tibristan. Bafra Khan-Governor Khurasan captured Ma wara un Nahar but he died

soon. So **Nuh** again became King of Ma wara un Nahar. Bu Ali became the King of Khurasan

and attacked on Nuh. **Nuh** with the help of Subuktageen & Mahmood defeated Bu Ali.

387H- Mansur bin Nuh:- The courtiers wanted Mansur to fight with Mahmood but when he refused

the courtiers killed him by piercing hot iron needle in his eyes.

390H- Abdul Malik bin Nuh:- The courtiers compelled Abdul Malik to fight with Mahmood. **Abdul Malik** was defeated. He flew to his capital, but it was captured by Ailak Khan of Kashghar.

Abdul Malik was arrested and the Kingdom of Samania ended.

Samania Rule was full of bravery & courage. The society was civilized & prosperous, also made progress in science & technology. The king respected & honoured the scholars.

Scholars & Mohaddis

***Ibraheem bin Adham Balkhi Ra:-** Khalifa of Fuzail bin Ayaz Ra. Great Wali Allah & Mohaddis.*

***Imam Bukhari Ra:-** Imamul Mohaddiseen.*

***Imam Muslim Ra:-** Student of Imam Ahmed bin Hanbal Ra.*

Imam Abu Daud Ra :-

Imam Tirmizi Ra

Development & Reforms

263H-Ibne Tulun Masjid-Cairo.

16-Motadhid billah bin Mowafiq

279H-289H(892-901AD) = 9 yrs. 9 months.

Age:-47 yrs.

Birth:-

Death:-R.Sani 289H.

***Qaziul Quzza:-**Abu Ishaq bin Ismaeel-Yousuf bin Yaqub.*

***Wazeer Aala:-**Ubaidullah bin Sulaiman-Qasim bin Ubaidullah.*

Governors:-

Qualities

***Motazid** had distinctive position in administration, politics, wisdom, brilliance, magnificence & dignity.*

***He** finished the idolatry customs & culture from the muslim society.*

***He** was very firm on Islam. He was far away from adultery, wickedness & impiety.*

***He** was not a toy in the hands of Turks. The rising power of the Turk leadership was crushed down*

He** ruled on the Islamic kingdom with **Magnificence & Dignity.

***His** period was of general betterment, prosperity, happiness, peace & justice.*

***He** was the one who revived the Khilafat of Banu Abbas. **Eastern & Western territories** became under his control.*

***He** protected the life, wealth & property of general public from the tortures of the army.*

***He** never let the enemy to raise his head.*

His** political wisdom made the two enemy fight with each other finish themselves. Like this the **Safarya kingdom and Zaydia movement ended. Tuluniya came under the control of Khilafat. Samania was weakened.

Reforms

He shifted back the capital to Baghdad from Samara.

Corrected the belief of the people.

Developed agriculture & farming.

Developed trade & business.

Modernized the Darul Uloom.

Established very large hospitals.

End of Khawarij Riots

***281H-Haroon Kharijee & Governor Musal rioted. Motdhid** himself went to Musal and did general masacre of bedouin.*

283H-Motdhid** sent Hassan bin Samdan against Haroon. He defeated Haroon arrested him brought Baghdad and assassinated him. After his death complete peace was brought in **Musal.

Condition of Qarmata

***281H-Yahya bin Mehdi** claimed to be Invitee of **Imam Mehdi in Bahrain. Governor of Bahrain** arrested him and punished severely. When he was freed he again started the movement.*

***287H-Qarmata** started looting, killing torturing people in Basra & Hijr. Ruler of Persia **Abbas bin Amar** fought bravely but was defeated. His people were burnt in fire. They advantage*

towards Kufa and started rioting. **Motadhid** sent the army, who killed several leaders and thousands of Quramti. Another Inviter **Zakarvia bin Mahavia** stood up and destroyed the towns in the border of Sham.

289H-Qarmata captured Sham & Kufa. **Governor of Kufa** fought bravely and arrested the leader **Abul Fawaris** and sent him to **Motadhid**. He assassinated him.

Abul Qasi Yahya claimed himself to be from the family of **Imam Jafer** and the followers were called **Fatimeen**. His movement was very active in **Iraq, Bahrain & Sham**.

In the same time **Fatimi Invitee** started **Ismaeeli Imam** in **Yemen & Africa**.

Amar bin Lays Safari & Ismaeel Samani

Amar Safari sent **Ameer Mohammed** to capture **Ma wara un Nahar**. **Ismaeel Samani** defeated him and **Ameer Mohammed** was killed. **Amar Safari** himself attacked but was defeated and arrested. **Ismaeel** sent him to **Motadhid**. He sent him to jail, and handed over his territories to **Ismaeel Samani**.

Mohammed bin Zayd Alvi attacked on **Khurasan**. **Ismaeel** sent **Mohammed bin Haroon**. Both fought bravely after a bloody fight **Mohammed** was killed and his son **Zayd** was arrested.

Samania State now became strong and spread from **Ma wara un Nahar** to **Tibristan**.

Destruction of Naval Fleet of Tartus

Ameer Mohammed bin Abi Asaj-Governor of Azarbaijan became arrogance. **Motadhid** with political wisdom handed the governorship of **Armeeniah** also. Still he conspired and sent his slave **Waseef** for the kingdom of Roman border. **Motadhid** knew about the conspiracy. He arrested **Waseef** & Leaders of **Tartus** and burnt the fleet of 500 ships. The Naval force of muslim became weak.

Motadhid & Tuluniya State

282H-Motadhid was too kind on **Khumarvia bin Tulun** because he gifted **Motadhid** 20 asses loaded with gold many other valuables. Moreover married his daughter to **Motadhid**. **Motadhid** gave him the kingdom of **Frat to Barqa**. **Khumarvia** gave a golden throne decorated with precious pearls and so many other valuables in dowry to his daughter that the like of it is not found in the history.

Later on **Khumarvia** was killed by his slave. His brother **Haroon** took over. **Motadhid** handed over the Government of Sham & Egypt only to **Haroon** on payment of 50,000 dinar yearly tax.

Battle with Romans

285H-A slave of **Mowafiq** attacked from **Tartus** by Naval force burnt 30 ships and killed 3,000 Roman soldiers.

287H-Hassan bin Ali captured several Roman forts and arrested many Romans.

Romans in revenge attacked by Naval & Land forces on **Kaisum** and arrested 15,000 muslims.

17-Muktafi billah bin Motadhid

289H-295H(902-908AD) = 6 yrs.

Age:-31 yrs.

Birth:-R.Sani 264H.

Death:-Ziqad 295H.

Qaziul Quzza:-Yousuf bin Yaqub-Mohammed bin Yousuf-Abdullah bin Ali.

Wazeer Aala:-Qasim bin Ubaidullah-Abbas bin Hassan.

Qualities

Muktafi was well mannered & god fearing.

He established justice. Returned the buildings & properties taken in the time of previous kingdom, because of which people liked him too much.

Revolts of Qarmata

289H-Abul Qasim Qarmati advanced from **Samawa** towards **Egypt**. Attacked on **Subuk Waylmi** - Governor of **Egypt** destroyed the army and advanced towards **Damishq** killed the army of Governor of **Jordan**. **Governor of Damishq-Taghaj** attacked on **Qurmati** and killed him.

Qurmati's took bayt on **Abul Hassan** and sieged **Damishq** again and after killing and looting advanced towards **Hims**. Destroyed the city **Balbak**.

290H-Muktafi came out with his army sent **Abul Aaz** to attack. He killed thousands of the army and arrested **Qarmati** and many of them. **Mohammed bin Sulaiman** also arrested many of them and brought to Muktafi. **Muktafi** collected them all in a field and slaughtered them all. **The Qarmati's made so much destruction & killing that the people celebrated the day with joy & happiness.**

292H-Another Qarmati in Sham destroyed the army of **Tulun**. **Mohammed bin Sulaiman** got the chance to destroy the **Kingdom of Tulun**. **Like this Tuluniya Kingdom ended in 292H after 47 years of rule.**

293H-Abu Hatim Qarmati of Banu Kalb revolted around Sham and started looting & killing and advanced towards Jordan. Khalifa sent **Hussain bin Hamdan**. He fought bravely and defeated him He ran away to **Hayt** killed the people and burnt the city. Khalifa sent **Mohammed bin Ishaq**. He killed the **Qarmati**.

294H-Zakarvia Qarmati killed the Caravan of **Hujjaj** returning from Makka. He killed more than 50,000 Hajis in which several noble persons of different countries were killed. **Waseef bin Swartageen from Qadsia** came with a huge army of Bani Shayban and after furious fight **Qarmati** was killed. The revolted were killed arrested and sent to **Muktafi**.

295H-Ismaeel bin Ahmed Samani died. **Muktafi** gave Rulership to his son **Ahmed bin Ismaeel**.

End of Tuluniya State

292H-Shayban bin Ahmed bin Tulun died and **Tuluniya State ended**. **Sham & Egypt** came under the control of **Muktafi**.

End of Aghaliba State

Abu Abdullah Saifi Fatimi finished the **Aghaliba State in Africa**.

Rome

291H-Romans attacked on Muslims. **Royal Islmic Army** fought bravely killed 5,000 **Roman** army and 5,000 arrested. A large amount of booty was obtained.

18-Muqtadir billah bin Motadhid

295H-320H(907-932AD) =25 yrs.

Age:-38 yrs.

Birth:-282H.

Death:-320H.

Qualities

Muqtadir spent his life time & wealth in drinking, enjoying with women, singing & dancing. His mother & slave girls were interfering in kingdom affairs.

Fatimi State

297H-Ubaidullah Mehdi Fatimi finished the **State of Idreesia & Aghalibia in North Africa** and established **Fatimi State in Egypt**.

Revolts of Qarmata

Abu Tahir Sulaiman bin Hassan Bahram Qurmati-Ruler of Bahrain advanced towards **Iraq** on the way started looting killing & destroying the cities as follows:-

312H- Basra. The returning **Caravan of Hajis near Makka**. **315H-Defeated the army of Hakim-Azrbaijan,Armeenia & Iran**. Then destroyed **Kufa, Anbar, Hayt & Rahba**.

316H-Raja, Hayt again looted and killed **Caravan of Hajis near Makka**. **Snatched the gold & silver of Baitullah** and loaded them on **100,000 camels**.

Murder of Mansur Hallaj

309H-Hussain bin Mansur Hallaj of Baida-Persia came to **Baghdad** and claimed "**Anal Haq**". His belief was that God transmigrate in a man. He knew nothing about Quran & hadees. **Qazi Abu Umar & other Ulama of Baghdad** ordered to kill him, and he was assassinated.

Revolt of Mardaveej

315H-Mardaveej bin Ziyad a Vailami Chief revolted and formed **Mardaveej State in Qazveen, Rai, Hamdan, Kashan, Isfahan & Tibristan**.

Aale Hamdan State in Musal

310H-Aale Hamdan were brave & courageous. They formed a separate State in **Musal**.

Romans attack

302-315H-Due to weakness of **Muqtadir**, **Romans** attacked and destroyed **Jazeera, Fort Mansura & Multia**.

315H-Romans attacked on **Armenia**. **Muslims** fought bravely and killed 10,000 Roman army.

This muslims victory created fear in the hearts of Romans.

Ziyari State

319H-Mardaveej defeated **Alvieen & Asfareen** and formed **Ziyreen State in Jarjan**.

Murder of Muqtadir

320H-Amerul Umara Munis who was slave of **Muqtadir** revolted against him. After several fights he killed **Muqtadir**.

Darushajara Palace

In this palace a tree was made the trunk and branches were of gold & silver. The leaves & flowers were of jewels. The birds were of gold & silver and it was made such that when the wind blew the sound of singing of birds use to come. The branches use to swing to & fro.

Unnecessary favour to jews

In the time of **Khalifa Mutawakal (847-861AD)** the jews were mostly **barber, butcher, tanner, dyer etc. ie. of low category people** but **Muqtadir** gave them government jobs which later became problem for the kingdom.

Political Condition

The internal & external policy both were restless & disturbing. The main reason was the Turks influence in the kingdom and weakness of **Muqtadir**. **The army generals were so strong that even the nomination of khalifa was in their hands. This was all because of the weakness of Khalifa, his business in luxurious enjoyments and interference of women in the kingdom.**

Propagation of Islam

The **Qazi & Religious scholars** made effort for propagation of Islam due to which the **King of Bulgaria** accepted Islam. On the request of the king relation scholars went there for teaching Islam. The name of the king was **Almas Khan bin Mulki Khan**. He generally use to attack on **Qustuntunia, Italy & France**.

Scholars

Imam Nisae was of this period.

Diyalma Kingdom(Shiya Kingdom)

300H-448H in Persia & Kirman

Abu Shuja Bavia from **Daylum(Jeelan)**. He accepted Islam by the preaching of **Atrush** in **Daylum**. He brought his 3 sons to **Khalifa Muktafi** and received the title of '**Imadudaula**' '**Ruknudaula**' '**Mazudaula**'.

Imadudaula

300- H:- Persia

Ruknudaula

318- H:- Iraq

Mazudaula

332- H:- Kirman & Basra

Adhudaula bin Ruknudaula

335-372H:-Sultan of Diyalma kingdom. He made the false tomb of **Ali RA** in **Najaf** and invited the shiya's to come for worship.

Moedudaula bin Ruknudaula

372-373H:-Sultan of Diyalma kingdom. He was the **Hakim** of **Isfahan** at the time of his brother **Adhudaula**.

Fakhrudaula bin Ruknudaula

373-385H:-Sultan of Diyalma kingdom

Alaudaula

360H:- Ameerul Umara-Baghdad.

Samsamudaula

370H:- Ameerul Umara-Baghdad.

Sharfudaula

380H:- Ameerul Umara-Baghdad.

Bahaudaula bin Adhudaula

385H:- Ameerul Umara-Baghdad.

Majdudaula bin Fakhrudaula

387H:-Sultan of Diyalma kingdom. Sultan Mahmood Ghaznavi attacked arrested him and sent to Ghazni.

Sultanudaula bin Bahaudaula

401H:-Sultan of Diyalma kingdom & Baghdad. His kingdom was weakened by the attacks of Sultan Mahmood Ghaznavi.

Sharfudaula bin Bahaudaula

411H:-Sultan of Diyalma kingdom & Baghdad.

Abu Kalanjar bin Sultanudaula

Turks attack weakened the kingdom.

Khusro bin Feroze bin Kalanjar

Toghral Beg Turk arrested him.

Abu Mansur bin Kalanjar

448H:-Commander Fazal bin Hassan killed him and ended the kingdom.

19-Qahir billah bin Motadhid

320H-322H(932-934AD) = 1 yr. 7 months.

Age:-35 yrs.

Birth:-303H.

Death:-338H.

Qaziul Quzza:-Umar bin Yousuf bin Yaqub.

Wazeer Aala:-Ibne Maqla-Abu Jafar Mohammed bin Qasim-Abul Abbas bin Ubaidullah.

Qualities

Qahir was brave and awful but cruel & hasty in killing.

He stopped by law drinking wine,singing,dancing of women,music. Destroyed musical instruments.

But he himself drunk wine enjoyed luxuries & women.

Murder of Qahir

He killed the notorious army generals but could not control them. The army generals conspired and arrested him while he was drinking and blinded him by passing hot needle in his eyes.

He remained 6 years in jail and died.

20-Razi billah bin Muqtadir

322H-329H(934-940AD)=6 yrs. 10 months.

Age:-32 yrs.

Birth:-297H.

Death:-R.Awal 329H.

Ameerul Umara/Khilafat Abbasi- was only on Baghdad & its vicinity.

324H:-Ibne Raeq. **326H:-**Bajkam Dailmi. **328H:-**Ibne Raiq.

From 324H Razi created a new post Ameerul Umara who became the controlling power of the kingdom. Even the khalifa was appointed by him. Khalifa was only a religious sign.

Ac

QualitiesDIVISION OF ABBASI KINGDOMKhalifa Abbasi/Ameerul Umara

Baghdad & its vicinity.

Dialma kingdom

Imadudaula-322H

Razi authorized the kingdom of Iraq, Persia & Khozistan. Capital-Shiraz.

Ruknudaula-318H

Qahir billah/Razi authorized the kingdom of Rai, Tibristan, Jarjan & Isfahan.

Fatimi kingdom

Ubaidullah Mehdi(majusi)

Qasim be Amrillah bin Ubaidullah-322H.

Razi authorized the kingdom of Maghrib(N.W.Africa).

Qaramti's State

Abu Tahir Qaramti-Bahrain & Oman.

Akhshidya kingdom-322H-

Mohammed bin Tafaj Akhshidi-322H.

Razi authorized the kingdom of Egypt.

Abu Ali bin Ilyas-Khozistan.

Samania kingdom

Nasar Samani-Khorasan & Ma wara un Nahar.

Nasirudaula Hamdani-323H

Razi authorized the kingdom of Musal.

Khilafat Banu Abbas-contd.**21-Muttaqi billah bin Muqtadir****329H-333H(940-944AD) = 4 yrs.****Age:-62 yrs.****Birth:-295H.****Death:-357H.****Ameerul Umara****329H-Bajkam:-He looted a caravan. A young kurdi boy killed him with dagger.****329H-Korangeen Dailmi:-Ameer Raiq defeated him. He flew away and disappeared.****329H-Ibne Raiq:-He was murdered by Saifudaula.****330H-Nasirudaula****Qualities****Muttaqi was pious, kind & gentle. He always use to recite Quran.****He had no ability of ruling the kingdom. Therefore the kingdom was shattered.****Revolt by Bareedi****330H-Abul Hassan Ali bin Mohammed Bareedi attacked on Baghdad. Khalifa & Raiq was defeated and flew away to Musal. Bareedi destroyed Baghdad.****Murder of Ibne Raiq****330H-Raiq was murdered by Abul Hassan Ali bin Abdullah bin Hamdan. Khalifa gave him the title of Saifudaula and to his brother Nasirudaula. Nasirudaula was made Ameerul Umara.****Revolt by Bareedi****330H-Bareedi attacked on Baghdad. Saifudaula defeated him. He flew away to Basra.****Romans Attack****331H-Romans attacked on Azarbaijan but they were defeated.****332H-Romans again attacked on Azarbaijan they were again defeated.****Tuzun kingdom****333H-Tuzun attacked on Baghdad. Nasirudaula came with a large army but was defeated. Khalifa made Tuzun Ameerul Umara. Ilmi bin Maqla took out the eyes of Muttaqi and arrested him in Jazeera. Tuzun reached Baghdad and made bayt on Abdullah Mustakfi.****Muttaqi died in jail in 357H at 62 yrs.age.****22-Mustakfi billah bin Muktafi****333H-334H(944-945AD)= 1 yr.4 months.****Age:-45 yrs.****Birth:-293H.****Death:-338H****Ameerul Umara****Ameer Tuzun:-died in 334H.****Mazudaula Dailmi Shiya:-dismissed Mustakfi.****Kingdom of Saifudaula****333H-Saifudaula captured Halb, Hims and wanted to capture Damishq but Akhshidi-Ruler of Egypt defeated him. During this period Romans attacked and captured upto Halb. But brave army of****Saifudaula badly defeated the Romans.****Murder of Abul Hassan Bareedi****333H-Abul Hassan Bareedi was overthrown by his army and Abul Qasim was made Ameer. Abul Hassan took help with Ameer Quramta but could not succeed. Ibne Sherzad killed Abul Hassan due to taking help with Quramta.****Zerak bin Sherzad Ameerul Umara Appointed****334H-After death of Tuzun Ibne Sherzad attacked on Baghdad and was selected as**

Ameerul Umara.

Mazudaula Dailmi Ameerul Umara selected

334H-Mazudaula of Dailmi kingdom attacked on Baghdad and was selected as **Ameerul Umara.**

Mazudaula took over the power of **Khalifa Muktafi**. A small property and 5,000 monthly was given to him. Only the name of Khalifa was taken in Khutba/Friday prayer. Now

Mazudaula & Khalifa both sat on throne.

Dismissal of Mustakfi & death

334H-Dailmia kingdom was of Shiya so they didn't had any sympathy and respect with **Banu Abbas**, where as Turks at least respected Banu Abbas.

Mazudaula Dailmi dismissed Khalifa Mustakfi, blinded by passing hot needle in his eyes and imprisoned him. He died in the prison in 338H.

23-Motiullah bin Muqtadir

334H-363H(945-973AD) =29 yrs.2 months.

Age:-63 yrs.

Birth:-301H.

Death:-Mhrm.364H. Wast

Ameerul Umara

Mazudaula:-Majusi Shiya. Took over all the power of Khalifa. As mentioned before.

Azzudaula bin Mazudaula:-356H. After death of his father. He was drunkard & adulterer.

Death of Akhsid

334H-Akhshid:-Sultan of Akhshidya kingdom in Egypt & Sham died. His son & slave **Kafoor** controlled the kingdom.

Hajre Aswad

339H-Qurmati's returned **Hajre Aswad** which was fixed back in Baitullah and silver frame was fitted.

Shiyat Activities

Mazudaula started his shiyat activities. Eid Ghadeer was celebrated. In moharram **shiya women** use to come out with open hair and mourn on streets. Tabarra/Abusing of sahaba started.

Sunni Shiya riot started, the country was all over disturbed. Ultimately **Ibne Shaheen of Batiha** announced independence and attacked on **Mazudaula** defeated him and then he kept quiet and this riot ended.

339H-Philosopher Al-Farabi died.

Ibne Shaheen State 339-408H

Imran bin Shaheen- 339H

Hassan bin Imran- 369H

Abul faraj bin Imran- 372H

Abul Moani bin Hassan- 373H

Muzaffar Wazeer- 376H

Abdullah Ibne Sunni- 408H

Dailmi kingdom in Persia

338H-Adhudaula

Fatimi kingdom

356H-Slave Kafoor of Egypt died.

361H-Mazuddin fatimi captured Egypt and Fatimi kingdom was formed.

Now shiya kingdom was on **Maghrib, Egypt & Iraq.**

Roman attacks

348H-Roman Qaisar attacked on muslim territories killed thousands of muslims arrested thousands children burnt the mosquess & houses. **Ruknudaula** was busy enjoying women and luxuries.

349H-Saifudaula attacked on Romans but was defeated.

350H-Religious leaders of Antakia attacked on Romans but was defeated.

351H-Roman commander Nekoferous attacked and captured 54 muslim forts. Then he advanced to Halab defeated **Saifudaula** arrested **12,000 muslim children**.

354H-Roman Qaisar attacked and captured **Maseesa** hundreds of muslims were killed and 200,000 muslims were arrested. **Tartus** was captured, Jame masjid was destroyed and horses were tied. Muslims were made christian by force.

358H-Qaisar attacked on Sham Tripoli was burnt to ashes. Muslims were killed 100,000 children were arrested. The cruelty of Romans was on peak.

Imam Abu Bakar Shafae advanced with **20,000 mujahideen** but **Ruknudaula shiya Dailmi** due to hatred stopped him.

359H-Qaisar captured **Antakia** killed the people and arrested 20,000 children. **Romans** advanced to Halab. **Qaruvia slave of Saifudaula** made peace treaty with Romans.

363H-Roman commander Nekoferous advanced towards **City Amad**. **Hispatullah bin Nasirudaula Hamdani & his brother Abu Tughlab** surrounded the **Roman commander** from both sides, killed thousands of Roman army and arrested the Roman commander. After that Romans calmed down.

Death of Mazudaula & Azzudaula bin Mazudaula took over as Ameerul Umara

356H-Mazudaula died & Azzudaula his son took over as Ameerul Umara who was a drunkard and remained busy enjoying women.

Qarmata

357H-Qarmqti captured **Damishq** and stopped the way of **Haji's** from **Egypt & Sham**.

358H-Change in Azan was done.

359H-Jame Azhar was established in **Egypt**.

Dismissal from Khilafat

363H-Khalifa Motiullah was attacked by paralysis. **Azzudaula** ordered to hand over the **Khilafat** to his son **Abdul Karim Taelillah**.

24-Taelillah bin Motiullah bin Muqtadir

363H-381H(973-990AD)= 17 yrs.8 months.

Age:-64 yrs.

Birth:-330H

Death:-393H

Deputy Caliph

363H-Ameer Subuktageen Nasrudaula:-Died in 363H.

363H-Adhudaula:-Died in 372H.

372H-Samsamudaula:-Defeated by Sharfudaula.

375H-Sharfudaula:-Died in 379H.

379H-Bahaudaula:-

Ameerul Umara

Azzudaula:-Killed by Adhudaula in 365H.

380H-Ibraheem & Hussain bin Nasirudaula Hamdani captured **Musal**.

Qualities

Taelillah was brave,very strong,humble & well mannered.

He had no ability of ruling the kingdom.

Rafzi kingdom

364H-Spread in Egypt, Sham, East & West

365H-Ruknudaula Dailmi distributed his kingdom amongst his son:-

1-Adhudaula:-Persia & Kirman

2-Moidudaula:-Rai & Isbahan

3-Fakhrudaula:-Hamdan & Dinaur

Marwani kingdom in Diyar Bakar(380-489H)

380H-Abu Ali Hassan bin Marwan

387H-Mehdudaula bin Marwan

402H-Nasrudaula bin Marwan

453H-Nizamudaula Nasar bin Ahmed

472H-Mansur bin Nasar

489H-Ended and went to Sulajqa.

389H-Samsamudaula:-Captured Persia & Arjan.

Repair of Baghdad

369H-Baghdad was destroyed due to Civil war. Taelillah got it repaired.

Ghaznavi kingdom in Afghanistan

This kingdom was from Samania kingdom.

344H-Sultan Nuh Samani made Subuktageen-Ameer of Ghazni. Ameer Subuktageen crushed the revolt by Faiq & Abu Ali Samjur.

Sultan Nuh Samani gave the title of Nasirudaula to Subuktageen and Saifudaula to his son Mahmood.

387H-Sultan Nuh & Ameer Subuktageen died. His son

Ameer Mahmood became the Ruler of Ghazni.

395H-Ameer Mahmood defeated the Samani Sultan, and founded Ghaznavi kingdom.

Ziyaria kingdom in Jarjan(316-404H)

316H-Mardaveej bin Ziyar

323H-Dishamgeer

357H-Zaheerudaula Besatoon bin Dishamgeer

366H-Shamsul Moali Qabus bin Dishamgeer. Killed in 404H.

404H-Falakul Moali s/o Besatoon

420H-Abu Shirwan. Handed over to Ghaznavi kingdom.

Arrest of Taelillah

381H-Bahaudaula conspired and arrested Taelillah dismissed him and brought in Khilafat Qadir billah. Taelillah remained house arrest in the palace of Qadir billah. He kept him comfortably with full honour and respect till his death on Eidul Fitr 393H. Qadir billah recited his funeral prayer and buried in Risafa.

25-Qadir Billah bin Ishaq bin Muqtadir

381H-422H(991-1031AD)-41 yrs.3 months.

Age:-86 yrs.

Birth:-336H.

Death:-Zilhaj 422H.

Deputy Caliph

379H-Bahaudaula (shiya):-He was the actual Ruler. Ruled on Iraq,Persia,Ahwaz & Kirman.

He died in 403H. His son took over.

403H-Sultanudaula(shiya):-His brother snatched the kingdom in 412H. He fled and captured Persia & Kirman. He died in 416H. His son Najar took over.

412H-Sharfudaula(shiya):-He also died in 416H. His brother took over.

418H-Jalaludaula(shiya):-

Qualities

Qadir was a big scholar & Faqih.

He was pious,dignified,intelligent,wise & practically observed Islam.

He never missed Tahajud prayer. He paid Zakat & charity.

Peace treaty with Romans

Ameer Abu Ali Hassan bin Marwan-Ruler of Armeenia made peace treaty with Romans.

Ziyadia kingdom in Yemen(412-554H)

412H-Moid Najah a Habshi slave took over the kingdom and his generation ruled upto 554H.

Aqeeli kingdom in Hamdan(386-489H)

386H-Hasamudaula Moqalid bin Mosayeb. This was a branch of **Fatimi kingdom.**

411H-Firdausi's Shahnama. Book of king of Persia.

Mardasia kingdom in Halab(414-482H)

414H-Saleh bin Mardas captured Halab from **Fatimi kingdom** and founded this kingdom.

Incidence

395H-Sultan Hakim of Egypt martyred the scholars and forced the people to bow while his name comes.

398H-Sunni Shiya civil war started in Baghdad. Kh. Qadir by force crushed this riot. Thousands of shiya died.

411H-Sultan Hakim was killed in Halwan. His son **Ali** took over Egypt.

Sultan Mahmood Ghaznavi(390-421H)

His father Ameer Subuktageen founded Ghaznavi kingdom in 366H in Ghazni.

Sultan Mahmood started his kingdom from **Ghazni in 390H.**

395H-Captured from Smarqand to Rai after fall of Samania kingdom.

396H-When Mahmood was busy in battle in Hind/India, the Turks captured Neshapur & Hirat. Mahmood returned and defeated Ailak khan and recaptured his territories.

400H-Captured Khowarzam. Advanced and captured Rai, arrested Mojadadaula and obtained wealth of Dailmi kingdom.

403H-Captured Ghaur & Garjistan.

403H-All the nearby Rulers were under his control.

Yousuf Qadar Khan of Khatan, the greatest Turk ruler came from Kashghar to Samarqand to meet Sultan Mahmood and formed friendly ties.

404H-Captured from Sindh to Punjab.

421H-This mujahid died in 421H at the age of 64 yrs.

26-Qaim be Amrillah bin Qadir billah

422H-467H(1030-1074) =45 yrs.

Age:-76 yrs.

Birth:-391H.

Death:-Shaban 467H.

Saljuq's dynasty. First Turkish Muslim Empire

430H-590H(1038-1194AD)

432H-Saljuq Turks conquer Afghanistan & East Persia.

Shah

Jalaludaula(shiya):-Cannot manage the kingdom and died in 435H.

435H-Bu Kalanjar bin Sultanudaula(shiya):-Died in 440H.

440H-Abdur Rahim bin Kalanjar(shiya):-Arrested by Tughrak Buk-Turk founded Saljuqiya kingdom. End of Dailmia majusi shiya kingdom.

447H-Sultan Tughrak Buk(Sunni Turk):-Khalifa Qaim crowned him, gave the title of Malikul Mashriq & Maghrib. Tughrak kissed the hand of Khalifa and respected him.

He died in 455H.

Saljuqi Kingdom under Abbasi Khalifa.

447H-571H(1055-1175AD)=124 yrs.

455H-Sultan Alap Arsalan:-Killed in 465H.

465H-Sultan Jalaludaula Malik Shah s/o Alap Arsalan :-died in 484H in Khalifa Muqtadi time.

Wazeer:-Nizamul Mulk Tusi

455-485H:-Wazeer of Sultan Alap Arsalan & Sultan Malik Shah.

Name:-Hassan bin Ali bin Ishaq bin Abbas. Title-Nizamul Mulk.

Age:-

Birth:-408H in Tus

Death:-485H. Murdered by Ismaeeli assassin.

Qualities

Nizamul Mulk studied hadees & fiqah.

His classmate was Umar Khayam & Hassan bin Sabah.

He was a good scholar & good ruler.

He built several Madaris, rest houses & bridges.

Siasat nama (political activity) is unique composition written by him.

Jame Nizamia/Nizamia University

He founded Jame Nizamia/Nizamia University in Baghdad in 457H and completed in 459H.

He endowed for the Jame a land giving earning of 30 million/year.

Principal:-Sh.Abu Ishaq Sheerazi

Head Master:-Sh.Abu Nasar Sabagh

Professors:-Imam Ghazali & Imam Abu Ishaq Sheerazi.

The Jame and its teaching was of such a standard that till now its syllabus is famous as

Dars-e-Nizami taught throughout the world.

Revolts & Battles

451H-Sultan Tughrul crushed the revolt by Turk commander Arsalan Basaseeri, and was killed in the battle.

455H-Tughrul Buk died and Alap Arsalan became the Sultan.

459H-Nizamul Mulk Tusi wazeer of Alap Arsalan captured the christian territories.

He built Madrasa Nizamia in Baghdad.

462H-Saljuq's captured Konya.

463H-Sultan Alap Arsalan fought a great battle with Roman king. King Romanus was arrested. He requested for peace. It was accepted and he was freed.

465H-Alap Arsalan was killed. His son was titled Jalaludaula and made Sultan.

27-Muqtadi be Amrillah bin Mohammed bin Qaim be Amrillah

467H-487H(1074-1094AD) = 19 yrs.6 months.

Age:-39 yrs.

Birth:-447H.

Death:-Mhrm.487H.

Sultan

467H-Tajul Mulk Malik Shah:-In 485H he ordered Khalifa to leave Baghdad within 10 days. Khalifa started fasting and praying. Allah accepted and Sultan died in 485H.

Saljuq's of Rome

470H-707H(1077-1307AD)=237 yrs.

470H-Saljuq's province established in Anatolia with capital in Konya.

471H-Saljuq's captured Damascus

472H-Saljuq's captured Jerusalem.

Sultan Malik Shah

From China border till Sham and from Noth till Yemen Malik Shah & Khalifa name was read in the Khutba/Friday speech.

Peace & justice was established in the kingdom.

Mosques, Madaris Canals & bridges were constructed.

473H-Malik Shah offered his daughter as a slave to Khalifa. Khalifa honoured him by marrying her.

477H-Saljuq's captured Antioch.

483H-Malik Shah constructed a Darul Ilm in Baghdad.

484H-Malik Shah Constructed a Jame Masjid in Baghdad and went back to Isfahan.

Qualities & Reforms

Khalifa immediately stopped all unlawful activities, play, songs, music, dancing etc. In a short period the mercy and blessing of Allah started descending. Food & subsistence was plentiful.

Muqtadi was a religious politician.

Revolts Riots & Battles

Damishq was captured by brother of Malik Shah and came under the Khilafat.

479H-Yousuf bin Tashfeen-Ruler of Morocco requested the title of Sultan. Khalifa allowed him.

484H-Christians captured Saqlia Islands. Since 212H it was under muslims. The last king was

Aseedi Mazuli.

Batinia Sect

This is a branch of Ismaeeli shiya.

Batinia flourished in the starting period of Saljuqi Turks Sultan.

Ahmed bin Abdul Malik bin Attash Batini established the center in a fort in Qaim between Isfahan & Neshapur. He started looting & killing and reached upto Isfahan.

Hassan bin Sabah scholar & classmate of Nizamul Mulk was misguided and became Batini.

Ibne Sabah formed center in Fort Almut near Qazveen. He killed several Ulama.

Nizamul Mulk send an army to crush this movement. Ibne Sabah became helpless so he sent a commando who killed Nizamul Mulk. Now his looting & killing increased and entire Khurasan was disturbed.

485H-Abbasi wazeer Nizamul Mulk murdered by Ismaeeli Assassin.

28-Mustazhar billah bin Muqtadi

487H-512H(1094-1118AD) =25 yrs.

Age:-41 yrs.

Birth:-470H.

Death:-R.Awal 512H.

Qualities

Mustazhar was a learned scholar,soft spoken,kind,good character & quick in doing good deeds.

491H-Saljuq's dynasty of Syria founded with capital at Aleppo.

Sultan's fight for kingdom

487H-Tajul Mulk Tatish:-Died in 491H.

491H-Barkiariz:-Died in 498H.

498H-Mohammed bin Malik Shah:-He established peace & justice in Baghdad. Tax was removed from the public. Army was not allowed to go in the Bazaars to protect from their cruelties

He was brave and well behaved but could not control the administration of the entire kingdom.

He died in 511H.

Crusade War

488H-Pope Urban II called a conference in France at Claremont City. Excited the christians against the muslims for Crusade war. 1,300,000 people collected under the Cross and reached Qustuntunia/Constantinople. Then crossed Bosphorous and marched towards Antakia. Anyone coming on their way whether Muslim or Christian were being killed furiously. Ameer Qalaj Arsalan-Ruler Qunia took the revenge and killed the Crusade's almost all.

490H-Army of France,Germany,Italy & England collected and 1,000,000 army attacked killed the people and captured Qunia,Antakia,Egypt & Sham.

492H-After 42 days of siege captured Baitul Maqdas.

More than 200,000 muslims were killed and the same quantity arrested. They looted all the wealth of muslims and burnt the libraries& books.

Sham was divided and ruled by the above mentioned 4 countries.

This all happened because the Ameer's of Saljuq were fighting each other and the Khalifa was weak and helpless.

29-Mustarshid billah Bin Mustazhar

512H-529H(1118-1135AD) = 17 yrs.8 months.

Age:-44 yrs.

Birth:-485H.

Death:-Ziqad 529H.

Qaziul Quzza:-

Wazeer:-Abul Hassan Damghali-Abu Shuja Mohammed-Jalaluddin Umaidudaula.

513H-Abu Ali Hassan was made **Prime Minister** and was given the title of Jalaluddin.

He was learned & brave. **Once Sultan Sanjar** intended to attack on **Khalifa**. **He** said that

if you will move an inch from your place you will loose your whole kingdom.

Qualities

Mustarshid was courageous, brave, awful and passed a mujahid life.

He tried his level best to bring back the awe & dignity of Khilafat banu Abbas and strengthened it.

He finished the taxes on people and industries.

He himself use to fight in the battles.

He was very pious & simple dressed.

He generally use to fast & recite Quran. **He** was fasting on the day of death also.

He had a secluded place in his house to worship.

He implemented the religious laws in his kingdom.

He was too much liked by general public because of his kindness & mercy on his public.

520H-Khalifa Mustarshid attacked on Sultan Mahmood and defeated him.

521H-Sultan Mahmood came to Baghdad. **Khalifa** honoured him with arab horses. **Sultan** stayed for 2 months and returned to his kingdom.

521H-Sultan crushed the party of **Ibne Attash Batini**.

522H-Sultan again crushed the Batini movement.

525H-Sultan Mahmood died.

525H-Sultan Masood took over the power.

529H-Sultan Masood attacked on **Khalifa**. **He** fought bravely but his army betrayed him and he was arrested. **Khalifa** was house arrested in **Fort Hamdan**. When the people of **Baghdad** heard about the arrest. Men & women came out on the streets protesting against **Sultan**.

Same day earthquake came and remained for several days.

Sultan Sanjar of Rai heard, and wrote to his nephew **Sultan Masood** saying "Immediately ask pardon from **Khalifa** and return him to Baghdad, because whatsoever is happening is curse from Allah". **Sultan Masood** obeyed him and returned him to Baghdad. On the way **Khalifa** camped. Some **Batini** got a chance and killed **Khalifa Mustarshid**. **Sultan Masood** was very sad on this incidence.

30-Rashid billah bin Mustarshid

529H-530H(1135-1136AD) = 1 yr.

Age:-32 yrs.

Birth:-500H.

Death:-Rmzn.532H.

Prime Minister:-Jalaluddin Abu Raza bin Sadqa

529H-Sultan Masood sent Purtaqish to collect wealth from **Khalifa**. **He** refused.

Purtaqish attacked **Khalifa** fought bravely and defeated him. **He** returned back to Khurasan.

532H-Sultan Masood advanced to attack on Baghdad. All the supporters of **Khalifa** backed away. **Khalifa** also left Baghdad with Imaduddin Zangi.

Sultan captured Baghdad and dismissed the **Khalifa**.

Khalifa Rashid attacked on **Azarbaijan** and sieged **Isfahan**. But unfortunately he fell ill. The ajmi slaves killed the **Khalifa**.

Zangi Kingdom

521H-648H(1127-1250AD)= 127 yrs.

Sultan Imaduddin Zangi

521H-Sultan Mahmood gave Sultan Imaduddin the kingdom of Musal. He captured Hims.

533H-He captured Balbak.

534H-He captured City Zor.

537H-He sieged Fort Jabar, but during the siege he was killed.

Imaduddin made Najmuddin Ayub-Ruler of Balbak.

Sultan Salahuddin Ayubi was the son of Najmuddin Ayub

31-Muqtadhi le Amrillah bin Mustazhar

530H-555H(1136-1160AD) =24 yrs.2 months.

Age:-76 yrs.

Birth:-479H.

Death:-555H.

Prime Minister

Sharfuddin Ali bin Tarad

Ibne Habeera:-He was a great scholar & politician. He broke the power of Saljuqi sultans.

Qaziul Quzza

Abul Qasim Ali bin Hussain

Deputy Rulers

Sultan Nuruddin Zangi:-Ruler Sham

Sultan Sanjar:-Ruler Khurasan.

Qualities & Reforms

Muqtadhi took the power and established & strengthened *Khilafat* in *Baghdad* and its vicinity.

He took the benefit of the fight between *Sultan Masood & Sultan Sanjar* and formed his own army and established & strengthened the *Abbasi kingdom*.

His army was never defeated.

He was brave,broad minded,intelligent & swordsman and he himself use to fight also.

He was religious, pious, humble, kind, polite, well mannered & just.

He took care and made several reforms for his public, and established peace & justice. So people liked him too much.

Incidents & Fights

531H-Sultan Masood took away all the treasures of the *Khilafat*.

543H-Christians sieged *Damishq/Damascus*. *Sultan Nuruddin* fought and got victory.

544H-Hafizuddinallah-Sultan of Egypt died.

547H-Sultan Masood died. His brother Mohammed became Sultan.

547H-Some Army officers rioted. *Khalifa* took his army crushed the riot and captured *Halla & Kufa*.

548H-Sultan Sanjar was arrested by *Ghazv*.

549H-Khalifa captured *Takreet*.

549H-Sultan Nuruddin captured *Damishq*.

550H-Sultan Nuruddin by the order of *Khalifa* captured *Egypt*.

554H-Sultan Mohammed of *Isfahan* died.

Irtaqia kingdom

Kingdom founded by *Moinuddin Saqman bin Irtaq Turkmani*

1-Fort Kifaya:- 495H-620H. Afterwards Ayubi kingdom captured it.

2-Tardayn:- 502H-811H. Afterwards Usmania kingdom captured it.

Atabkia kingdom

1-Damishq:- 522H-549H. Afterwards Zangi kingdom captured it.

2-Arbal:- 530H-630H.

3-Azarbaijan:-531H-622H. Afterwards Khwarzam Shah kingdom captured it.

4-Persia:-543H-686H. Afterwards Tatari's captured it.

Arman Shah's kingdom

City Ghalat:-493H-604H. Afterwards Ayubi kingdom captured it.

Ghauria kingdom

Between Hirat & ghazni:-543H-582H.

32-Mustanjid billah bin Muqtadhi

555H-566H(1160-1171AD) = 11 yrs.

Age:-56 yrs.

Birth:-510H.

Death:-R.Awal 566H. Actually he was killed.

Qaziul Quzza:-Abu Jafar Abdullah Saqfi.

Wazeer:-Aunuddin bin Habeera. He died in 560H.

563H-Sharfuddin Abu Jafar bin Mohammed Saeed.

Qualities & Reforms

Mustanjid was good scholar, generous and just.

He was a good ruler and was hard on revolters & rioters.

He honoured the scholars. He further developed **Madrasa Nizamul Mulk.**

Baghdad became the Center of Religious Studies and other studies.

Shaikh Abdul Qahir Soharwardi was Head Master of Madrasa Nizamul Mulk.

His period was propagation of Islam.

Shaikh Abdul Qadir Jilani was of his period.

Incidents Revolts & Fights

556H-Turks rioted in Najaf. **Khalifa** crushed the riot and cut off the head of Ameer.

556H-Arabs of Khaffaja, Halla & Kufa revolted. **Wazeer** himself went and crushed them.

557H-Khalifa captured **Fort Mali** from Hamdani kingdom.

558H-Banu Asad of Halla rioted. **Ameer Yazdan** went and turned them out of **Iraq.**

559H-Ameer Munkabras of Basra died.

561H-Khatloo attacked on Basra. He was arrested and killed.

562H-Shimla-Ruler of Khozistan advanced to Iraq and requested for Governorship. **Khalifa** refused him. He returned quietly due to fear Khalifa.

562H-Sultan Nuruddin sent **Asaduddin** to capture **Egypt. Ruler of Egypt Banu Fatimi** took help from **Christians. Asaduddin** killed thousands of christians and captured **City Saeed.**

He exempted the tax from general public.

563H-Christians sieged **Iskandria. Ameer Asaduddin** fought bravely. **Christians** flew away.

564H-Crusades of different countries jointly attacked with huge army captured **Iblbase** and sieged **Qahira/Cairo. Fatimi Ruler** requested **Sultan Nuruddin. Ameer Asaduddin** advanced

Crusades flew away. **Aadhuddin** made **Ameer Asaduddin-Wazeer of Egypt. He** remained wazeer till his death in **565H.**

565H-Salahuddin Ayubi was made **Wazeer of Egypt. His** reforms good manner and behavior made him popular and beloved to Egyptians.

33-Mustadhi be Amrillah bin Mustanjid

566H-575H(1171-1180AD) = 9 yrs.6 months.

Age:-36 yrs.

Birth:-536H.

Death:-Ziqad 575H.

Wazeer:-Adhuddin

Qaziul Quzza:-Room bin Hadeesi-17 slaves were given in his honour.

Commander in Chief:-Qutbuddin

Qualities& Reforms

Mustadhi exempted all the taxes.

He set an exemplary peace & justice and was a successful **Khalifa.**

He showered wealth on **Hashimi's & Alvi's.**

He was of good character, patient and generous to everyone. Everyone was happy in his time.

He gave handsome salaries to Ulama madaris.

He made rest houses on the highways.

*His name was read in **Friday Khutba** from Central Asia to Maghrib.*

Incidents & Battles

***Previous Wazeer Abu Jafer**-was arrogant & independent so he was assassinated.*

***Previous Qazi Ibne Mazahim**-was arrogant & cruel. He was imprisoned.*

These two incidents opened the eyes of the rulers. Peace was brought in the kingdom. After a long time people got peace, comfort & safety in their lives.

***566H-Salahuddin opened the Jame Masjid of Egypt** which was closed during **Fatimi kingdom**. The name of **Khalifa Mustanjid & Sultan Nuruddin Zangi** was read in the **Khutba/Friday speech** in all the masjid of every city. **Khalifa** awarded different titles to **Sultan Nuruddin & Ameer Salahuddin** and invested robe of honour.*

***Baghdad** was illuminated with lights and bazaars were decorated.*

Sultan Nuruddin Mahmood Zangi

Khalifa** awarded the kingdom of **Egypt, Sham, Jazeera, Musal, Diyar

***Bakr, Ghalat, Arsalan, Yemen & Roman territories** to **Nuruddin**.*

*He died in **569H** at the age of **55 yrs**.*

*His name was read with the name of **Khalifa** even in **Harmain Shareefain**.*

He was very pious, devotee & worshipper.

*He brought peace & justice and implemented **Islamic laws** in the **kingdom**.*

*He was the best **Ruler** after **Khulafa Rashideen & Umar bin Abdul Aziz Ra**.*

*He built several **Jame Masjid, Madaris & hospitals**.*

*He was a good scholar and spent his whole life in **Jihad**.*

*He terrified the **Crusades**.*

Rise of Ayubi kingdom & End of Fatimi kingdom.

566H-658H(1171-1260AD)=92 yrs.

***566H-Salahuddin** took over the **272 years** of **Fatimi** power and ended the **Fatimi kingdom**.*

***569H-Sultan Nuruddin Zangi** died and was buried in front of **Jame Amvi** in **Damascus**.*

***Salahuddin Ayubi** established **Ayubi Kingdom**. **Salahuddin** was **Commander in Chief & slave** of **Nuruddin Zangi**.*

***570H-Sultan Salahuddin** captured **Sham, Hims, Huma & Balbak**.*

*Handed over **Halab** to **Malik Saleh**.*

34-Nasiruddin Allah bin Mustadhi

***575H-622H(1180-1226AD)=47 yrs.** None of the **Abbasi Khalifa** ruled this much.*

Age:-69 yrs.

Birth:-553H.

***Death:-622H.** 619H got paralysis & died in **Rmzn.622H**.*

Wazeer

***575H-Mujaduddin Abul Fazal:-Khalifa** killed him in **583H**.*

***583H-Ubaidullah bin Yunus:-Khalifa** arrested him in **592H**.*

592H-Moiduddin Abu Abdullah:-

613H-

Qualities & Reforms

***Nasiruddin** ordered the officials to observe justice. Opened **madaris, hospitals, rest houses** and made **gardens**. He gave facilities to **businessmen**.*

He remained on throne with awe, honour & grace.

*He had support of **Almighty Allah**.*

He was brave, courageous, generous, intelligent, good scholar & eloquent.

His Department of Intelligence was very strong & well informed.

His awe & fear was on his courtiers & high officials.

*He constructed **mosques, khanqah, rest houses** etc.*

Incidents Revolts & Fights

576H-Saifuddin Zangi-Ruler of Musal died. Azuddin Masood Zangi took over.

577H-Saleh Ismaeel bin Nuruddin Zangi-Ruler of Halab died. Imaduddin took over.

583H-Tughrul captured Isfahan.

584H-Kazal arrested Tughrul and captured Isfahan.

585H-Kazal was found killed in his bed room. Saljuqia kingdom ended for ever.

591H-Shimla-Ruler of Khozistan died.

591H-Wazeer Moiduddin captured Khozistan, Tustar & Rai.

592H-Wazeer died.

592H-Khwarzam Shah captured Hamdan & Isfahan.

592H- Khalifa sent Saifuddin. He defeated Khwarzam and captured Isfahan. Then Zanjan & Qazween.

613H-khalifa sent his 2 sons Moeed & Mowafiq as Ruler of Khozistan.

613H-Khwarzam Shah defeated Atubuk and captured Rai, Qazween, Zanjaan, Hamdan, Qashan, Azarbaijan, Armeenia and advanced towards Baghdad. Khalifa sent Shaikh Shahabuddin Umar Soharwardi to advise him not to take wrong step. But he insisted on destroying Baghdad. Shaikh cursed him and came back. The army which Khwarzam sent was destroyed by snowfall.

Sultan Salahuddin Victories

575H-Came from Egypt to Damishq.

Izuddin Farakh, Assistant of Salahuddin captured fort Doria & Shaqiq of christians.

Salahuddin arrested 1,600 christians coming from Baitul Moqadas.

Salahuddin advanced towards Jazeera. There were some small states of Zangi's. Aannounced that whoever will submit will be given their territories to rule otherwise it will be captured by sword. All of them submitted.

577H-Captured Jazeera & Sinjar.

579H-Made Imaduddin-Ruler of Sinjar, Naseebain, Khabur & Riqa.

580H-Captured Mian Farqain.

580H-Amad also surrendered. There was a library having one million books. Sultan gave it to Qazi Fazil.

From Makka to Baghdad the name of Sultan & Khalifa was read in Friday Khutba in all the masjid.

580H-Salahuddin collected all the forces and advanced towards christians territory Beesan. Christians fled away and it was captured.

Sultan fought with the great Christian force at Alfuka, killed thousands of them. They fled away.

580H-Sultan attacked on the big enemy of Islam Reginald at Kirk but could not succeed.

581H-Sultan again attacked and defeated, but Christians support force came so he returned back

581H-Musal was taken over from Azuddin. Now Atabki kingdom came under Ayubi kingdom.

582H-Reginald arrested a Caravan of Hujjaj and said to them why don't you call Mohammed SA

to free you. Sultan heard about it. Sultan swore that Insha Allah I will kill him.

583H-Sultan announced for Jihad all the Ulama joined him. Sultan destroyed Kirk & Shobak. Then captured Tabaria. Then fought bravely in the field of Nobia killed thousands of Crusades. They tried to run away but were arrested. Reginald was also arrested.

Sultan honoured King of Jerusalem-Gaiy, and killed Reginald by his own hands.

Then captured 'Akka'. Jame Masjid was made church. After a century Sultan again made it masjid and offered Juma/Friday prayer.

Then Beirut, Soor & Asqalan was captured.

Victory of Baitul Moqadas

583H-Sultan Salahuddin moved from Asqalan to Baitul Moqadas and asked the Crusades to hand over on a reasonable remuneration because I don't want blood shed, but the Crusades did not agree.

After one week fight **Crusades surrendered** and they were freed on ransom. Those who could not pay they were also freed. **Sakhra Dome & Masjid Aqsa was cleaned.**

After 91 years Juma/Friday prayer was offered in Masjid Aqsa.

In 492H when Crusades captured Baitul Moqadas they martyred 70,000 muslims only in Masjid Aqsa where as the Muslim freed them peacefully.

584H-England,France,Italy & Germany jointly again attacked and only took back Akka.

Then peace treaty was signed, and Crusades returned back.

588H-Sultan Salahuddin gave Ameer Azizuddin the charge of Baitul Moqadas and proceeded for Haj.

589H-Sultan Salahuddin always ruled under Khilafat Abbasi. He was a great religious true muslim Ruler. He had a great kingdom. He died at the age of 57 years and buried in Damascus beside the Umayyad Mosque.

He handed over his kingdom to his sons, which was approved by the **Abbasi Khalifa:-**

1-Malik Al Aziz:-Egypt

2-Malik Al Afzal:-Damishq

3-Malik Al Zahir:-Halab

Assault by Tatari's

History:-Barbarians of Mongolia were very hard hearted, savage, fighters & looters.

Chinese built the 'Wall of China' for their protection from these **Barbarians.**

Moghol & Tatar were the two sons of a King in Old days.

The two nations Moghal's & Tatari's are from these two sons.

Changez Khan collected the two nations and formed a Kingdom.

He was born in 549H.

He ruled for 20 years.

612H-He sent a muslim delegate to **Khwarzam Shah** and made trade pact.

615H-His last trade caravan of 400 persons were killed by Khwarzam Shah in the doubt of spying.

He sent a messenger to Khwarzam Shah to return the goods & Ghair Khan who killed the Caravan. Khwarzam Shah killed that messenger also.

616H-Changez Khan became furious and attacked with 20,000 army. Khwarzam Shah became coward because of enjoying luxuries & comforts of life, and in spite of having 100,000 army could not face the **Tatari's.**

617H-Khwarzam Shah escaped to his fort in Jazeera and died in 617H.

Khwarzam Shah had 4 sons

1-Outbuddin:-Killed by Tatari

2-Ghyasuddin:-

3-Ruknuddin

4-Jalaluddin:-Fought with Tatari and escaped to Ghazni. Changez followed him.Jalaluddin escaped to Sindh. **Changez** followed him to Sindh. **Jalaluddin** fought bravely and killed hundreds of Tatari, but he was surrounded by three sides so he jumped with his horse in river and swam across the river. **Changez** sent an army to follow **Jalaluddin** but they could not catch him. They went on destroying and killing the people of **Multan, Punjab,**

618H-Destroyed & killed the people of Tirmiz, Balkh, Talqan, Bamyan.

618H-Captured Ghazni & Ghaur destroyed and killed the people.

Changez Khan destroyed & killed the entire population and captured **Bukhara,Samarqand,Ghazni,Neshapur,Rai,Hamdan,Qazween,Azarbaijan Khurasan, Tabrez** until the reached the Russian border.

Now Changez captured from China border till Iraq border & from North Sea to Hind/India border.

Changez distributed the territory amongst his 4 sons **Joji Khan, Choghtae Khan, Tuli Khan & Kidai Khan**.

621H-Jalaluddin came back via **Kirman** gave **Iraq & Persia** to his brother **Ghyasuddin** and kept under own control. Then captured **Khozistan** and did cruelty on muslims more than **Changez**. Then captured **Azarbaijan & Tabrez**.

Scholars of his time

Shaikh Shahabuddin Soharwardi.

- " **Abul Faraj Ibne Jozi**
- " **Imam Fakhruddin Raazi**
- " **Najmuddin Kubra**
- " **Alfarabi-Biggest Philosopher**
- " **Abu Kamil Shajah-Biggest Mathematician**
- " **Al Masoodi-Biggest Geographic**
- " **Tibri-Biggest Historian**

Development & Reforms

584H-Great Mosque at Rabat-largest in the world.

35-Zahir be Amrillah bin Nasiruddin Allah

622H-623H(1224-1225AD)= 9 months.

Age:-53 yrs.

Birth:-571H.

Death:-Rajab 623H.

Qualities

Zahir was a scholar very honest, pious, god fearing.

He enforced justice & equity himself and his courtiers.

He exempted taxes and returned the wealth & property to the owners, confiscated in the previous kingdom.

He was generous and spent in the path of **Allah**.

He distributed 100,000 dinar to the Ulama/Religious scholars & righteous on **Eiduz Zoha**.

He warned his courtiers saying that you say too much but you don't implement it. You misguide your Khalifa, virtually you are obedient to him but actually you are dis obedient to him. You pose to favour him but actually you are against him.

Ameerul Momineen orders you to do justice and stop cruelty, because **Allah** becomes angry, and **Ameerul Momineen** fear **His anger**.

36-Mustansir billah bin Zahir

623H-640H (1226-1242AD) = 17 yrs.

Age:-52 yrs.

Birth:-588H.

Death:-J.Akhir 640H.

Qualities

Mustansir followed exactly his father

He implemented the **Commandments of Allah & Sunna of Prophet SA**.

He strengthened the kingdom and captured several forts at the border, but he could not control the kingdom because of internal riots and the assaults of Tatar's.

He was a good scholar and appreciated the scholars.

He built a huge **Madrasa Mustansir billah** at the East bank of River Dajla which was best in the muslim world. Teaching for all the four sects were given separately. Free furnished houses, kitchens, hospital and free food for teachers and orphans were provided.

He built a great library with the Madrasa. Thousands of precious, scarce & valuable books were procured. He endowed property & wealth for the Madrasa.

He built several masajid, madaris, hospitals & rest houses.

Assault of Tatari's

624H-Changez died. His sons started expanding their kingdom.

Ektae Khan attacked by 80,000 army on **Jalaluddin Shah Khwarzami** who was ruling on **Iraq Ajam, Persia, Garjistan, Azarbaijan & Khalat**. **Jalaluddin** fled away and hid himself in mountainous area but one kurdi killed him. Soon after his death **Khwarzami kingdom ended**.

630H-Tatari captured entire territories of **Khwarzami kingdom** and attacked on **Khilafat Abbasi**. **Mustansir army** retreated them.

Scholars

Yaqoot Hamvi:-Born in 576H. Died in 626H. He came to **Halab in 621H** and wrote **Moajimul Buldan**.

37-Mustasim billah bin Mustansir

640H-656H(1243-1259AD)= 16 yrs.

Age:-66 yrs.

Birth:-590H.

Death:-656H.

Wazeer

Moiduddin Mohammed bin Alqami(shiya):-His guardian was **Ibne Hadeed Motazili**-Author of **Nahjul Balagha**. **Ibne Alqami** conspiracy destroyed the **Banu Abbasi Khilafat**.

Qualities & Reforms

Mustasim had so many good qualities, but he had no ability of rulership.

Wazeer Alqami shiya engaged him in music, songs and enjoying women.

Tatari Rulers

1-Avegh Buka s/o Tuli Khan s/o Changez:-made **Qaraquram Capital**.

2-Alghu s/o Baidad Khan s/o Chughata s/o Changez:-made **Eimaleegh Capital**.

3-Qubla s/o Tuli Khan s/o Changez:-made **Ablee/Peken Capital**.

4-Qeedu s/o Qashi s/o Ukta s/o Changez:-made **Bukhara Capital**.

5-Sain s/o Joji s/o Changez:-made **Marqeeq Capital**. He was busy in attacking on **Russia, Germany, Poland & Austria**.

6-Mangu s/o Tuli Khan s/o Changez:-Died in 655H.

7-Hilaku Khan s/o Tuli Khan s/o Changez

654H-Ruknuddin Batini rioted in Iran. **Hilaku** crushed the riot killed all the **Batini** men women children & **Ruknuddin**. **This ended the Hassan bin Saba movement**.

He captured Iran Iraq Ajam and made **Muragha** the capital.

His wazeer was **Naseeruddin Tusi(shiya)**.

656H-Hilaku attacked on **Baghdad** with the conspiracy of **Alqami**. **Khalifa** sent an army who defeated **Hilaku** and killed hundreds of army.

656H-Alqami wrote to **Tusi wazeer of Hilaku** to reattack. **Hilaku** reattacked with a huge army and sieged **Baghdad**. He broke the boundary wall with catapults & captured **Baghdad**.

Murder of Khalifa

656H-Alqami said to **Khalifa** that we should go to **Hilaku** and make peace treaty.

Khalifa took his family alongwith **Alqami** to **Hilaku**. **Hilaku** killed the entire family of **Khalifa** and killed **Khalifa** with great torture. **Alqami** trampled the body of **Khalifa** saying I am taking the revenge of **Fall of Fatimi kingdom**.

Tatari entered **Baghdad** killed 1.6 million men women & children. Only 0.4 million **shiya** locality was left on the request of **Wazeer Tusi (shiya)**. Destroyed the beautiful city and burnt **Baghdad** city. **Jame masjid, Library & the books** were all burnt and thrown in the river, the water became black. The wealth & valuable goods looted from the palaces were so much that could not be counted.

Condition of Ibne Alqami

Wazeer Alqami was made the peon of **Ibne Imran-Hakim** of **Baghdad**.

656H-Hilaku captured **Halab, Darband, Musal, Diyar Bakr** etc., and ruined it.

657H-Hilaku sent **Kidluqa** to attack on **Damishq**. **Malik Nasiruddin** asked help from **Egypt**.

Alama Taqiuddin Harani made speeches in the public and motivated them for **Jihad**, and he himself fought. Help from **Egypt** also came. The muslims fought bravely killed thousands of Tatars and defeated them.

656H-End of Khilafat Banu Abbas in Baghdad.

659H-Start of Khilafat Banu Abbas in Egypt.

*Khilafat Banu Abbas/Mamluks Kingdom in Egypt.**659H-924H 1260-1518AD.**38-Mustansir billah Ahmed bin Zahir be Amrillah**659H-659H = 6 months.**1-Sultan Malik Zahir be Bars.**659H-Sultan Malik Zahir Be Bars defeated Tatari and made bayt on Khalifa Mustansir.**39-Hakim be Amrillah bin---bin Mustarshid**659H-701H = 40 yrs.**1-Sultan Malik Zahir be Bars.**2-Sultan Ameer Saifuddin Malik Mansur.**659H-Sultan Malik Zahir made Hakim Khalifa of entire Muslim world.**663H-Hilaku Khan died.**666H-Mamluk captured Antioch from Crusades.**677H-Sultan Malik Zahir died in Damishq.**678H-Ameer Saifuddin Malik Mansur became Sultan of Egypt.**680H-Sultan defeated Tatari.**688H-Sultan captured Tripoli which was captured by Christians in 503H. It was captured during Ameer Moavia RA.**694H-Qazan bin Arghaun bin Hilaku accepted Islam & spread Islam in his army.**40-Mustakfi billah Abu Rabi bin Hakim be Amrillah**701H-740H = 39 yrs.**2-Sultan Ameer Saifuddin Malik Mansur.**702H-Tatari were defeated and killed.**716H-Abu Saeed became Tatari king. He followed Sunna.**736H-Tatari King Abu Saeed died.**736H-Sultan arrested the Khalifa.**740H-Khalifa died in prison. He was the last Khalifa whose name was read in Friday Khutba.**41-Wasiq billah Ibraheem bin Mustamsik billah**740H-741H**2-Sultan Ameer Saifuddin Malik Mansur.**Wasiq was rakish & unfit.**42-Hakim be Amrillah bin Mustakfi billah**741H-753H = 12 yrs.**3-Sultan Mansur bin Malik Nasir**He ruled like Khalifa Haroon Rasheed.**Sultan Mansur bin Malik Nasir was drunkard, mischievous & seditious. He was dismissed and later on killed.**43-Motadhid billah Abul Fateh bin Mustakfi billah**753H-763H = 10 yrs.**4-Sultan Malik Hassan Nasir**He was kind, humble & loved scholars.**762H-Sultan Malik Hassan Nasir was killed and his nephew Mohammed bin Muzaffar Mansur became sultan.**44-Motawakal Alallah Abu Abdullah bin Motadhid billah**763H-808H = 45 yrs.*

4-Sultan Malik Hassan Nasir

His 5 sons became Khalifa.

773H-Taimur Lang was more barbarous than Tatars. He kept on attacking killing & destroying. (See file Personalities).

791H-Mohtasib Najmuddin Tanbizi ordered to add As Salato Was Salamo Alan Nabi Salallahu Alaihe Wasalam in Azan(prayer call).

785H-Motawakal was dismissed.

45-Wasiq billah

785H-788H

4-Sultan Malik Hassan Nasir

788H-Wasiq was dismissed and Mustasim was made khalifa.

46-Mustasim billah

788H-791H

4-Sultan Malik Hassan Nasir

791H-Mustasim was dismissed and again Motawakal was made Khalifa.

47-Mustaeen billah Abul Fazal bin Motawakal

808H-817H = 9 yrs.

815H-Sultan Malik Nasir was killed.

48-Motadhid billah Abul Fateh bin Motawakal

817H-845H = 28 yrs.

5-Sultan Al Moid

6- Sultan Malik Zahir

He was very intelligent, wise & generous.

824H-Sultan Al Moid died and Malik Zahir was made Sultan.

49-Mustakfi billah Abu Rabi bin Motawakal

845H-854H = 9 yrs.

6- Sultan Malik Zahir

He was very religious, pious, well mannered & righteous.

He had the qualities of Umar bin Abdul Aziz Ra as well as his family.

Jalaluddin Suyuti Ra was brought up in Khalifa's house

Sultan supported the coffin of Khalifa at his death.

He was buried in Iskandria.

50-Qaim be Amrillah Abul Baqa bin Motawakal

854H-859H = 5 yrs.

6- Sultan Malik Zahir

7-Sultan Einal Ashraf

He was awful & dignified khalifa.

857H-Sultan Malik Zahir died. Einal Ashraf became sultan.

859H-Khalifa was dismissed, imprisoned & died in prison in 863H. Buried in Iskandria.

51-Mustanjid billah Abul Mohasin bin Motawakal

859H-884H = 25 yrs.

7-Sultan Einal Ashraf

8-Sultan Zahir Khushqadam

865H-Sultan Einal Ashraf died. Zahir Khushqadam became sultan.

872H-Sultan Zahir Khushqadam died. Finabai Ashraf became sultan.

873H-Khalifa was house arrested where he died in 884H.

52-Motawakal Alallah Abdul Aziz bin Yaqub

884H-903H = 19 yrs.

8-Sultan Zahir Khushqadam

He was well mannered, kind, humble & smiling face, liked by everyone.

884H-Sultan Malik Ashraf performed Haj. After a century a sultan offered haj.

885H-Egyptian army attacked on Iraq. Yaqub bin Hassan defeated and killed the army.

Jalaluddin Suyuti Ra died in his period.

53-Yaqub Al Mustamsik billah bin Motawakal bin Yaqub

903H-920H = 17 yrs.

8-Sultan Zahir Khushqadam

54-Motawkal Alallah 3rd (Last Khalifa of Banu Abbas.

920H-924H (1514-1518AD) = 4 yrs.

9-Sultan Ghauri. (Last Mamluk Sultan)

924H-Sultan Ghauri of Mamluk was defeated by Sultan Saleem of Usmania kingdom.

924H (1518AD)-Khalifa handed over the flag, sword, hair etc. of Prophet SA and the key of Harmayn Shareefain to Sultan Saleem, and Egypt went under Khilafat/Saltanat Usmania. Khilafat Banu Abbas/Mamluk Kingdom ended.

KHULAFAT BANU ABBAS**Abbas RA.****Abdullah bin Abbas RA****Imam Ali bin Abdullah bin Abbas****Imam Mohammed bin Imam Ali****Ibraheem bin Imam Mohammed****1-Safah bin Imam Mohammed:-** 132H - 750AD**2-Mansur bin Imam Mohammed:-** 136H - 754AD**3-Mehdi bin Mansur:-** 158H - 775AD**Ibraheem bin Mehdi****Mansur bin Mehdi****4-Hadi bin Mehdi:-** 169H - 785AD**5-Haroon bin Mehdi:-** 170H - 786AD**6-Ameen bin Haroon:-** 193H - 809AD**7-Mamoon bin Haroon:-** 198H - 813AD**8-Motasim bin Haroon:-** 218H - 833AD**Qasim bin Haroon****Mohammed bin Motasim****9-Wasiq bin Motasim:-** 227H - 842AD**10-Motawakal bin Motasim:-** 232H - 846AD**11-Muntasir bin Motawakal:-** 247H - 861AD**12-Mustaeen bin Motawakal:-** 248H - 862AD**13-Motaz bin Motawakal:-** 252H - 866AD**14-Mohtadi bin Wasiq:-** 255H - 869AD**15-Motamid bin Motawakal:-** 256H - 870AD**Mowafiq bin Motawakal****Ibnul Motaz bin Mowafiq****Mufawidh bin Mowafiq****16-Motadhid bin Mowafiq:-** 279H - 892AD**17-Muktafi bin Motadhid:-** 289H - 902AD**18-Muqtadir bin Motadhid:-** 295H - 908AD**19-Qahir bin Motadhid:-** 320H - 932AD**20-Raazi bin Muqtadir:-** 322H - 934AD**21-Muttaqi bin Muqtadir:-** 329H - 940AD**22-Mustakfi bin Muktafi:-** 333H - 944AD**23-Motee bin Muqtadir:-** 334H - 946AD**Ishaq bin Muqtadir****24-Tay bin Motee:-** 363H - 974AD**25-Qadir bin Ishaq:-** 381H - 991AD**26-Qaim bin Qadir:-** 422H - 1031AD**Mohammed bin Qaim****27-Muqtadi bin Mohammed:-** 467H - 1075AD**28-Mustazhar bin Muqtadi:-** 487H - 1094AD**29-Mustarshid bin Mustazhar:-** 512H - 1118AD**Abi Bakr bin Mustarshid****30-Rashid bin Mustarshid:-** 529H - 1135AD**Ali bin Abi Bakar****Abi Ali Hassan bin Ali****31-Muqtadhi bin Mustazhar:-** 530H - 1136AD**32-Mustanjid bin Muqtadhi:-** 555H - 1160AD**33-Mustadhi bin Mustanjid:-** 566H - 1170AD**34-Nasir bin Mustadhi:-** 575H - 1180AD

<u>35-Zahir bin Nasir:-</u>	622H - 1226AD
<u>36-Mustansir Abu Jafar bin Zahir:-</u>	623H - 1226AD
<u>37-Mustasim bin Mustansir:-</u>	640H - 1243AD
<u>Khilafat banu Abbas in Egypt only</u>	
<u>38-Mustansir Ahmed bin Zahir:-</u>	659H - 1262AD
<u>39-Hakim bin Ali bin--bin Mustarshid</u>	659H - 1262AD
Mustamsik bin Hakim	
<u>40-Mustakfi bin Hakim:-</u>	701H - 1303AD
<u>41-Wasiq bin Mustamsik bin Hakim:-</u>	740H - 1341AD
Ibraheem bin Mustamsik	
<u>42-Hakim bin Mustakfi:-</u>	741H - 1342AD
<u>43-Motadhid bin Mustakfi:-</u>	753H - 1354AD
<u>44-Motawakal bin Motadhid:-</u>	763H - 1364AD
<u>45-Wasiq bin Ibraheem:-</u>	785H - 1385AD
<u>46-Mustasim bin Ibraheem:-</u>	788H - 1388AD
<u>Again-Motawakal bin Motadhid:-</u>	791H - 1391AD
<u>47-Mustaeen bin Motawakal:-</u>	808H - 1394AD
<u>48-Motadhid bin Motawakal:-</u>	817H - 1403AD
<u>49-Mustakfi bin Motawakal:-</u>	845H - 1430AD
<u>50-Qaim bin Motawakal:-</u>	854H - 1439AD
<u>51-mustanjid bin Motawakal:-</u>	859H - 1444AD
Yaqub bin Motawakal	
<u>52-Motawakal bin Yaqub:-</u>	884H - 1468AD
<u>53-Mustamsik bin Motawakal:-</u>	903H - 1486AD
<u>54-Motawakal Alallah 3rd:-</u>	
920H - 1514AD to 924H - 1518AD	

Discoveries Development& Inventions

Textile Industry

Jewelries

Printing

Writing

Perfumery

Agriculture & Farming

Zafrqn/Saffron & Hina

Irrigation

Paintings

Paper Industry

Book Binding

Glass Industry

Mining

Iron & Steel Industry

Magnetic Compass

Literary & Scientific Progress

1-Religious Knowledge

Tafseer of Quran, Hadees, Fiqah etc.were compiled & printed in book shape.

Books translated in Arabic

1-Philosophy

-Philosopher Boqrat

- " Arastu

- " Aflatun

- " Jalinus

2-Herbal Medicine

-Hakeem Jalinus

Scientific & Mathematical Research

Physics

Chemistry

Zoology

Botany

Minerals

Mathematics

Astronomy

Law

Surgery

Geography:-Muslim traders in 7th to 9th century traveled in East upto **China** by sea and by land.

In South African coast of Injibar. In West upto Atlantic Ocean. In North upto

Russia.

Books

Al Buldan- Ibne Waze Yaqubi

Al Buldan- Ibnul Aqa Yamdani

Al Alaq Al Nafsia- Ibne Rasa - 903AD

Al Masalik wal Mumalik- Al Astakhri - 950AD

Ahsanul Taqaseem- Al Muqadas

Al Akleel- Al Hassan bin Ahmed - 974AD

Al Masoodi

Moajimul Buldan- Yaqoot bin Abdullah Hamvi - 875AD

Abu Mashar Baghdadi - 886AD

History

Seerat Ibne Ishaq- Mohammed bin Ishaq- 149H

Seerat Ibne Hisham- Ibne Hisham- 209H

Kitabul Maghazi- Al Waqdi- 208H

Tabqat Ibne Saad- Ibne Saad- 230H

Futuhe Masr/Egypt- Abdul Hakam- 257H

Futuhul Buldan- Ibne Yahya Al Blazri- 257H

Kitabul Moarif- Ibne Qutaiba- 276H

Akhbarut Tawaal- Ibne Daud Ad Denori- 282H

Akhbarul Rosul wal Muluk- Ibne Jareer At Tibri- 310H

Alkamil fi Tareekh(12 Vol.)- Ibnul Aseer Musali- 603H

Dowal-e-Islam- Ibne Ahmed Masri Az Zahabi- 674H

Al Bidaya wal Nehaya- Ibne Kaseer-731H

Baghdad after Khilafat Abbasi 656H

656H-1258AD:-Jalair kingdom

768H-1412AD:-Turkman Shah Sauda

796H-1394AD:-Ameer Taimur

823H-1469AD:-Turkman Shah Baida

861H-1508AD:-Shah Iran-Ismaeel Safvi

886H-1534AD:-Turks-Usmani kingdom

924H-1336H(1518AD-1918AD):-Khilafat-e-Usmania.

Aghlabia Kingdom in North Africa

184H-296H 800-911AD

*These were Barbarians of North Africa and accepted Islam at the end of **Umayya** period. They mixed with Arabs and Ameer Aghlab brought his people under the obedience of **Khalifa Mansur**.*

***Kh. Haroon Rasheed** accepted their kingdom in North Africa, and **Aghlabia kingdom** was formed in **North Africa**.*

Rulers of Aghlabia Kingdom

184H - Ibraheem bin Aghlab

196H - Abul Abbas bin Ibraheem

201H - Ziadatullah bin Ibraheem

223H - Abu Aqaal Aghlab bin Ibraheem

226H - Abul Abbas Mohammed bin Aghlab

242H - Abu Ibraheem Ahmed bin Abdul Abbas

249H - Ziadatullah bin Abu Ibraheem

250H - Abul Faraneeq bin Abu Ibraheem

261H - Ibraheem bin Ahmed

289H - Abul Abbas Abdullah bin Ibraheem

290H - Abu Jafar Ziadatullah bin Abul Abbas

Al-Mohads Kingdom in Maghrib-Northwest Africa

524H-667H(1130-1269AD)= 143 yrs.

542H-Al-Mohads established in Morocco & Southern Spain.

A

I-Moravids Kingdom in Maghrib-Northwest Africa

448H-542H(1056-1147AD)= 94 yrs.

469H-Ghana falls to Al-Moravid's.

469H-King of Ghana accepts Islam.

Alvieen

12 Imams of Shiya's

1-Ali RA.	35-40H	656-661AD
2-Hassan RA.	40-48H	661-669AD
3-Hussain RA.	49-60H	669-680AD
4-Zainul Abideen Ra.	60-93H	680-712AD
5-Mohammed al-Baqar	93-117H	712-735AD
6-Jafar al-Sadiq Ra.	117-148H	735-765AD
7-Musa al-Kazim Ra.	148-183H	765-799AD
8-Ali al-Ridha Ra.	183-203H	799-818AD
9-Taqi al-Jawad Ra.	203-220H	818-835AD
10-Ali al-Hadi Ra.	220-254H	835-868AD
11-Hassan al-Askari Ra.	254-260H	868-873AD

260H-Imam Abu Mohammed Hassan Askari 11th Imam of Shiya Asna Ashriya died .

After his death some shiya believe in 12th Imam Mohammed Askari who has disappeared and will come as **Imam Mehdi**. Some believe that Imamatus has ended. After **Imam Jafer Sadiq the 6th Imam** shiya's are divided in two main groups. **Ismaeelia & Imamia.**

Imamia:-They believe from **Imam Moosa Kazim till Imam Mehdi to come.**

Ismaeelia:-They believe in **Imam Ismaeel** and in his family Imamatus will continue.

Batinya:-This is a branch of Ismaeelia and created in the time of Motamid. The main leader was **Abdullah bin Maimoon Majusi (fire worshiper)** after accepting Islam claimed prophethood in **Salmia a town of Hims(Sham).** From here the **Shiya Batinya started.**

Qaramta:-This is also a branch of Ismaeelia created in the time of Motamid. **Hamdani Qaramt** came from **Khozistan to Kufa** and claimed his Imamatus in a town **Nahrain.** **Ameer Kufa Hasheem** arrested him. At night the slave girl helped him in escape. In the morning he gained popularity of disappearing by his miracle.

Batinia Sect

This is a branch of Ismaeeli shiya.

Batinia flourished in the starting period of **Saljuqi Turks Sultan.**

Ahmed bin Abdul Malik bin Attash Batini established the center in a fort in **Qaim between Isfahan & Neshapur.** He started looting & killing and reached upto Isfahan.

Hassan bin Sabah scholar & classmate of Nizamul Mulk was misguided and became Batini. **Ibne Sabah** formed center in **Fort Almut near Qazveen.** He killed several Ulama.

Nizamul Mulk send an army to crush this movement. **Ibne Sabah** became helpless so he sent a commando who killed Nizamul Mulk. Now his looting & killing increased and entire **Khurasan** was disturbed.

494H-Sultan Barkiarq sent an army. The army killed thousands of Batini and returned back.

500H-Sultan Mohammed sieged the fort in Isfahan and killed **Ibne Attash.** He also advanced to siege **Fort Almut** but he fell ill and died.

518H-Ibne Sabah died and his son came in power.

518H-Kiabuzurg bin Hassan:-Saljuqi sultan did a mass killing of **Batinia** but their movement could not finish.

Mohammed bin Kia:-He did great damage to Islam and killed several Ulama.

Hassan bin Mohammed bin Kia:-He was an atheist and misguided large number of people.

561H-Mohammed bin Hassan:-He was greater atheist than his father.

Jalaluddin Hassan bin Mohammed:-He accepted batinia sect.

Alauddin Mohammed bin Jalaluddin:-He was a young boy. This religion became a play.

653H-Ruknuddin bin Alauddin:-Hilaku Khan grandson ok Chagez Khan killed Ruknuddin and the movement ended.

Ayubi Kingdom

Ayubi kingdom(Under Khilafat Banu Abbas)

567H-658H(1171-1260AD)

Founder Sultan Salahuddin Ayubi Ra, of Kurdish origin.

567H-Sultan Salahuddin Ayubi *Mustakfi billah period.*

589H-Malik Aziz Ayubi

595H-Malik MansurAyubi

596H-Malik Adil Ayubi

615H-Sultan Kamil bin Adil

635H-Sultan Saifuddin bin Kamil

637H-Sultan Malik Moazam

648H-Malka Shijratud Dur

648H-Azizuddin Aibak

657H-Malik Mansoor Nooruddin

658H-Malik Muzaffar Saifuddin

Rise of Ayubi kingdom & End of Fatimi kingdom.

566H-658H(1171-1260AD)=92 yrs.

566H-Salahuddin took over the 272 years of Fatimi power and ended the Fatimi kingdom.

569H-Sultan Nuruddin Zangi died and Salahuddin Ayubi established Ayubi Kingdom.

Salahuddin was Commander in Chief & slave of Nuruddin Zangi.

570H-Sultan Salahuddin captured Sham,Hims, Huma & Balbak.

*Handed over **Halab** to Malik Saleh.*

Sultan Salahuddin Victories

575H-Came from Egypt to Damishq.

Izuddin Farakh, Assistant of Salahuddin captured fort Dioria & Shaqiq of christians.

Salahuddin arrested 1,600 christians coming from Baitul Moqadas.

Salahuddin advanced towards Jazeera. There were some small states of Zangi's. Aannounced that whoever will submit will be given their territories to rule otherwise it will be captured by sword. All of them submitted.

577H-Captured Jazeera & Sinjar.

579H-Made Imaduddin-Ruler of Sinjar,Naseebain,Khabur & Riga.

580H-Captured Mian Farqain.

580H-Adad also surrendered. There was a library having one million books. Sultan gave it to **Qazi Fazil**.

*From Makka to Baghdad the name of **Sultan & Khalifa** was read in Friday Khutba in all the masajid.*

580H-Salahuddin collected all the forces and advanced towards christians territory **Beesan**.

Christians flew away and it was captured.

***Sultan** fought with the great Christian force at **Alfuka**, killed thousands of them. They flew away.*

580H-Sultan attacked on the big enemy of Islam **Reginauld at Kirk** but could not succeed.

581H-Sultan again attacked and defeated, but Christians support force came so he returned back

581H-Musal was taken over from **Azuddin**. Now **Atabki** kingdom came under **Ayubi** kingdom.

582H-Reginauld arrested a Caravan of Hujjaj and said to them why don't you call Mohammed

to free you. Sultan heard about it. Sultan swore that Insha Allah I will kill him.

583H-Sultan announced for Jihad all the Ulama joined him. Sultan destroyed Kirk & Shobak. Then captured Tabaria. Then fought bravely in the field of Nobia killed thousands of Crusades. They tried to run away but were arrested. Reginauld was also arrested.

Sultan honoured King of Jerusalem-Gaiy, and killed Reginauld by his own hands.

Then captured 'Akka'. Jame Masjid was made church. After a century Sultan again made it masjid and offered Juma/Friday prayer.

Then Beirut, Soor & Asqalan was captured.

Victory of Baitul Moqadas

583H-Sultan moved from Asqalan to Baitul Moqadas and asked the Crusades to hand over on a reasonable remuneration because I don't want blood shed, but the Crusades did not agree.

After one week fight Crusades surrendered and they were freed on ransom. Those who could not pay they were also freed. Sakhra Dome & Masjid Aqsa was cleaned.

After 91 years Juma/Friday prayer was offered in Masjid Aqsa.

In 492H when Crusades captured Baitul Moqadas they martyred 70,000 muslims only in Masjid Aqsa where as the Muslim freed them peacefully.

584H-England, France, Italy & Germany jointly again attacked and only took back Akka.

Then peace treaty was signed, and Crusades returned back.

588H-Sultan gave Ameer Azizuddin the charge of Baitul Moqadas and proceeded for Haj.

589H-Sultan always ruled under Khilafat Abbasi. He was a great religious true muslim Ruler. He had a great kingdom. He died at the age of 57 years and buried in Damascus beside the Umayyad Mosque.

He handed over his kingdom to his sons, which was approved by the Abbasi Khalifa:-

1-Malik Al Aziz:-Egypt

2-Malik Al Afzal:-Damishq

3-Malik Al Zahir:-Halab

Diyalma/Buvia Kingdom(Shiya Kingdom) in Persia & Kirman

300H-448H(912-1056AD)= 148 yrs.

Abu Shuja Buvia from Daylum(Jeelan). He accepted Islam by the preaching of Atrush in Daylum. He brought his 3 sons to Khalifa Muktafi and received the title of 'Imadudaula' 'Ruknudaula' 'Mazudaula'.

Imadudaula

300- H:- Persia

Ruknudaula

318- H:- Iraq

Mazudaula

332- H:- Kirman & Basra

Adhudaula bin Ruknudaula

335-372H:-Sultan of Diyalma kingdom. He made the false tomb of Ali RA in Najaf and invited the shiya's to come for worship.

Moedudaula bin Ruknudaula

372-373H:-Sultan of Diyalma kingdom. He was the Hakim of Isfahan at the time of his brother Adhudaula.

Fakhrudaula bin Ruknudaula

373-385H:-Sultan of Diyalma kingdom

Alaudaula

360H:- Ameerul Umara-Baghdad.

Samsamudaula

370H:- Ameerul Umara-Baghdad.

Sharfudaula

380H:- Ameerul Umara-Baghdad.

Bahaudaula bin Adhudaula

385H:- Ameerul Umara-Baghdad.

Majdudaula bin Fakhrudaula

387H:-Sultan of Diyalma kingdom. Sultan Mahmood Ghaznavi attacked arrested him and sent to Ghazni.

Sultanudaula bin Bahaudaula

401H:-Sultan of Diyalma kingdom & Baghdad. His kingdom was weakened by the attacks of Sultan Mahmood Ghaznavi.

Sharfudaula bin Bahaudaula

411H:-Sultan of Diyalma kingdom & Baghdad.

Abu Kalanjar bin Sultanudaula

Turks attack weakened the kingdom.

Khusro bin Feroze bin Kalanjar

Toghral Beg Turk arrested him.

Abu Mansur bin Kalanjar

448H:-Commander Fazal bin Hassan killed him and ended the kingdom.

They had shiya belief but they were against the *Fatimi, Alvi, Quramti, Ismaeeli & Batini.*

Hamdanids Kingdom in Syria
334H-395H(945-1004AD)= 61 yrs.

Idrisids Kingdom in Maghrib-Northwest Africa

173H-314H(789-926AD)= 141 yrs.

253H-Idrees bin Abdullah(Shiya) formed Idreesia State in Maghribi Africa.

Khwarzami Kingdom

592H-624H.

Ruled on Iraq ajam, Persia & Turkmemistan

592H-Khwarzam Shah captured **Hamdan & Isfahan**.

592H- Khalifa sent **Saifuddin**. He defeated **Khwarzam** and captured **Isfahan**. Then **Zanjan & Qazween**.

613H-khalifa sent his 2 sons **Moeed & Mowafiq** as **Ruler of Khozistan**.

613H-Khwarzam Shah defeated **Atubuk** and captured **Rai, Qazween, Zanjaan, Hamdan, Qashan, Azarbaijan, Armeenia** and advanced towards **Baghdad**. Khalifa sent **Shaikh Shahabuddin Umar Soharwardi** to advise him not to take wrong step. But he insisted on destroying Baghdad. **Shaikh cursed him and came back**. The army which **Khwarzam** sent was destroyed by snowfall.

Assault by Tatari's

History:-Barbarians of Mongolia were very hard hearted, savage, fighters & looters.

Chinese built the '**Wall of China**' for their protection from these **Barbarians**.

Moghol & Tatar were the two sons of a King in Old days.

The two nations Moghal's & Tatari's are from these two sons.

Changez Khan collected the two nations and formed a Kingdom.

He was born in 549H.

He ruled for 20 years.

612H-He sent a muslim delegate to **Khwarzam Shah** and made trade pact.

615H-His last trade caravan of 400 persons were killed by Khwarzam Shah in the doubt of spying.

He sent a messenger to Khwarzam Shah to return the goods & Ghair Khan who killed the Caravan. Khwarzam Shah killed that messenger also.

616H-Changez Khan became furious and attacked with 20,000 army. Khwarzam Shah became coward because of enjoying luxuries & comforts of life, and in spite of having 100,000 army could not face the **Tatari's**.

617H-Khwarzam Shah escaped to his fort in **Jazeera** and died in 617H.

Khwarzam Shah had 4 sons

1-Outbuddin:-Killed by Tatari

2-Ghyasuddin:-

3-Ruknuddin

4-Jalaluddin:-Fought with Tatari and escaped to **Ghazni**. Changez followed him. **Jalaluddin** escaped to **Sindh**. Changez followed him to **Sindh**. **Jalaluddin** fought bravely and killed hundreds of Tatari, but he was surrounded by three sides so he jumped with his horse in river and swam across the river. Changez sent an army to follow **Jalaluddin** but they could not catch him. They went on destroying and killing the people of **Multan, Punjab,**

618H-Destroyed & killed the people of **Tirmiz, Balkh, Talqan, Bamyar.**

618H-Captured **Ghazni & Gaur** destroyed and killed the people.

Changez Khan destroyed & killed the entire population and captured **Bukhara, Samarqand, Ghazni, Neshapur, Rai, Hamdan, Qazween, Azarbaijan Khurasan, Tabrez** until the reached the **Russian border**.

Now Changez captured from **China border till Iraq border & from North Sea to Hind/India border**.

Changez distributed the territory amongst his 4 sons **Joji Khan, Choghtae Khan, Tuli Khan & Kidai Khan**.

621H-Jalaluddin came back via **Kirman** gave **Iraq & Persia** to his brother **Ghyasuddin** and kept remaining under own control. Then captured **Khozistan** and did cruelty on muslims more than Changez. Then captured **Azarbaijan & Tabrez**.

Assault of Tatari's

624H-Changez died. His sons started expanding their kingdom.

***Ektaee Khan** attacked by 80,000 army on **Jalaluddin Shah Khwarzami** who was ruling on **Iraq Ajam, Persia, Garjistan, Azarbaijan & Khalat**. **Jalaluddin** flew away and hid himself in mountainous area but one kurdi killed him. Soon after his death **Khwarzam kingdom ended**.*

Mamluks Kingdom/Abbasi Khalifat

On Egypt & Syria

Bahri Mamluks

658H-784H. 1260-1382AD

Sultan Baybars defeated the Mongols and formed the Mamluk Kingdom.

He then brought an **Abbasi Khalifa- Mustansir Billah** and since then **Abbasi Khalifat** started in **Egypt & Syria**. These Khulafa presence were merely symbolic, and they were without power. These shadow Khalifa were given a pension and the task of supervising the awqaf and their income.

Burji Mamluks

784H-923H. 1382-1517AD.

History of Moghal's & Tatar's/Mongol's

Barbarians of Mongolia were very hard hearted, savage, fighters & looters.

Chinese built the 'Wall of China' for their protection from these **Barbarians**.

Moghal & Tatar were the two sons of a King in Old days.

The two nations Moghal's & Tatar's are from these two sons.

Tatar's/Mongol's

Changez Khan

604H-624H (1207-1227AD)= 20 yrs.

He collected the two nations and formed a Kingdom.

He was born in 549H.

He ruled for 20 years.

612H-He sent a muslim delegate to **Khwarzam Shah** and made trade pact.

615H-His last trade caravan of 400 persons were killed by Khwarzam Shah in the doubt of spying.

He sent a messenger to Khwarzam Shah to return the goods & Ghair Khan who killed the Caravan. Khwarzam Shah killed that messenger also.

616H-Changez Khan became furious and attacked with 20,000 army. Khwarzam Shah became coward because of enjoying luxuries & comforts of life, and in spite of having 100,000 army could not face the **Tatar's**.

617H-Khwarzam Shah escaped to his fort in Jazeera and died in 617H.

Khwarzam Shah had 4 sons

1-Outbuddin:-Killed by Tatar

2-Ghyasuddin:-

3-Ruknuddin

4-Jalaluddin:-Fought with Tatar and escaped to Ghazni. Changez followed him. **Jalaluddin** escaped to Sindh. **Changez** followed him to Sindh. **Jalaluddin** fought bravely and killed hundreds of Tatar, but he was surrounded by three sides so he jumped with his horse in river and swam across the river. **Changez** sent an army to follow **Jalaluddin** but they could not catch him. They went on destroying and killing the people of **Multan, Punjab,**

618H-Destroyed & killed the people of Tirmiz, Balkh, Talqan, Bamyan.

618H-Captured Ghazni & Gaur destroyed and killed the people.

Changez Khan destroyed & killed the entire population and captured **Bukhara, Samarqand, Ghazni, Neshapur, Rai, Hamdan, Qazween, Azarbaijan Khurasan, Tabrez** until he reached the Russian border.

Now Changez captured from China border till Iraq border & from North Sea to Hind/India.

Changez distributed the territory amongst his 4 sons **Joji Khan, Choghtae Khan, Tuli Khan & Kidai Khan.**

621H-Jalaluddin came back via **Kirman** gave **Iraq & Persia** to his brother **Ghyasuddin** and kept under own control. Then captured **Khozistan** and did cruelty on muslims more than **Changez**. Then captured **Azarbaijan & Tabrez.**

Assault of Tatar's

624H-Changez died. His sons started expanding their kingdom.

Ektae Khan attacked by 80,000 army on **Jalaluddin Shah Khwarzami** who was ruling on **Iraq Ajam, Persia, Garjistan, Azarbaijan & Khalat.** **Jalaluddin** fled away and hid himself in mountainous area but one kurdi killed him. Soon after his death **Khwarzam kingdom ended.**

630H-Tatar captured entire territories of **Khwarzami kingdom** and attacked on **Khilafat Abbasi.** **Mustansir army** retreated them.

Tatar Rulers

1-Avegh Buka s/o Tuli Khan s/o Changez:-made Qaraqum Capital.

2-Alghu s/o Baidar Khan s/o Chughata s/o Changez:-made Eimaleegh Capital.

3-Qubla s/o Tuli Khan s/o Changez:-made Ablee/Peken Capital.

4-Qeedu s/o Qashi s/o Ukta s/o Changez:-made Bukhara Capital.

5-Sain s/o Joji s/o Changez:-made Marqeeq Capital. He was busy in attacking on Russia, Germany, Poland & Austria.

6-Mangu s/o Tuli Khan s/o Changez:-Died in 655H.

7-Hilaku Khan s/o Tuli Khan s/o Changez

654H-Ruknuddin Batini rioted in Iran. **Hilaku** crushed the riot killed all the Batini men women children & **Ruknuddin**. **This ended the Hassan bin Saba movement.**

He captured Iran Iraq Ajam and made Muragha the capital.

His wazeer was Naseeruddin Tusi(shiya).

656H-Hilaku attacked on Baghdad with the conspiracy of Alqami. **Khalifa** sent an army who defeated **Hilaku** and killed hundreds of army.

656H-Alqami wrote to Tusi wazeer of Hilaku to reattack. Hilaku reattacked with a huge army and sieged **Baghdad**. **He broke the boundary wall with catapults & captured Baghdad.**

Murder of Khalifa

656H (1258AD) -Alqami siad to Khalifa that we should go to Hilaku and make peace treaty. Khalifa took his family alongwith Alqami to Hilaku. Hilaku killed the entire family of Khalifa and killed Khalifa with great torture. Alqami trampled the body of Khalifa saying I am taking the revenge of Fall of Fatimi kingdom.

Tatari entered Baghdad killed 1.6 million men women & children. Only 0.4 million shiya locality was left on the request of Wazeer Tusi (shiya). Destroyed the beautiful city and burnt Baghdad city. Jame masjid, Library & the books were all burnt and thrown in the river, the water became black. The wealth & valuable goods looted from the palaces were so much that could not be counted.

Condition of Ibne Alqami

Wazeer Alqami was made the peon of Ibne Imran-Hakim of Baghdad.

656H-Hilaku captured Halab, Darband, Musal, Diyar Bakr etc., and ruined it.

657H-Hilaku sent Kidluqa to attack on Damishq. Malik Nasiruddin asked help from Egypt. Alama Taqiuddin Harani made speeches in the public and motivated them for Jihad, and he himself fought. Help from Egypt also came. The muslims fought bravely killed thousands of Tatari and defeated them.

656H-End of Khilafat Banu Abbas in Baghdad.

659H-Start of Khilafat Banu Abbas in Egypt.

Mongol State in S. Russia

623H-907H(1226-1502)= 284 yrs.

Creation of Golden Horde.

639H-1241-Mongol invade Poland & Hungary.

Mongol Invasion of Southeast Asi470H-707H(1077-1307AD)=237 yrs.

656H-1258-Mongol Expedition to Annam.

682H-1283-Mongol expedition against Annam & Champal

686H-1287-Mongol expedition to Pagan.

692H-1293-Failed Mongol invasion of Java.

694H-1295-Conversion of Sultan of Achin/Sumatra to Islam, which spread over much of the

East Indies.

849H-1445-Conversion of Malaca/Malaya to Islam.

854H-1450-Islam spreads over much of East Indies.

Moghal's

Ameer Taimur s/o Ameer Turaghai

771H-807H (1370-1405AD)=36 yrs.

Age:-70 yrs.

Birth:-736H. In City Sabz(green).

Death:-807H. In Anzar.

History:-Fore father of Hilaku Khan and Ameer Taimur was the same.

Hilaku Khan made his uncle Yajal Khan - Hakim of Tabrez.

Alangar Khan s/o Yajal Khan accepted Islam. He was titled as Ameerul Umara.

Ameer Turaghai s/o Ameer Barkal s/o Alanghar Khan was the follower of Shaikh Shamsuddin Kalal.

Kingdom:-From Wall of China to End of Asia border, and Aral sea to Persian gulf.

Qualities

Taimur was so brave & courageous that he never feared anything.

His planning & decisions were so strong & perfect that with the help of **Almighty Allah** it was always completed.

Victories

782H-Taimur attacked on **Iran** and within 7 years captured **Khurasan, Jurjan, Mazandran, Sajistan, Azarbaijan & Kurdistan.**

789H-People of **Isfahan** rioted. Taimur crushed the riot and killed the rioters.

795H-He came to **Iran** again and killed **Shah Mansur** who rioted in **Sheeraz.**

796H-He captured **Baghdad.**

801H-He built bridge on **River Sindh** crossed the bridge and captured **India.**

802H-He captured **Sham.**

In few years his kingdom reached to the border of **Usmania kingdom.**

803H-Taimur attacked on **Armenia** and entered the **Usmania kingdom.** 700,000 **Tatari** army killed thousands of **Turks.** **Prince Ar Tughral s/o Sultan Bayazeed** was also killed.

804H-Taimur & **Ba Yazeed** wrote letters but no solution resulted. Ultimately two great muslim **King's** came in the battlefield at **Angora.** **Ba Yazeed** came with 120,000 army against 700,000 army of Taimur. Taimur with tears prayed whole night for the victory in front of **Almighty Allah.** After great killing **Ba Yazeed** was arrested. His 3 sons managed to escape. **Prince Sulaiman** escaped to **Europe.** **Prince Mohammed** escaped to **Imasia** and **Prince Eisa** to **Kirmania.** **Prince Mustafa** disappeared.

Taimur respected **Sultan Ba Yazeed.** Tears came out from the eyes of Taimur on the arrest of a great muslim king.

Taimur said to **Ba Yazeed,** this defeat of yours 9s because of your own mistake. If you would have listened to me I would helped you in fighting against the non muslims of **Europe.**

805H-Ba Yazeed died in the arrest because of sadness.

805H-In **Egypt** and **Harmain Sharifain (Makka & Madina)** his name was read in **Khutba/Friday prayer.**

806H-Captured **Feroza Koh (Mountain Feroza).**

807H-Captured **Neshapur** and at the age of 70 years advanced with 200,000 army to capture **China,** but after traveling 300 miles when he reached **Anzar,** he fell ill and died.

Taimur was one of those great king who intended for the victory of entire world.

In 35 years of age he got victory over all the Chief's of **Tatar.** Made **Samarqand** his capital, in 36 years of Rule he captured 27 countries and 9 kingdoms.

His victory was so great that the victory of **Alexander the Great, Julius scissors, Changez Khan, Charlene & Napoleon** was nothing.

Muknasia Safia Kingdom in Morocco

311H-363H

311H-Moosa bin Ali Alafia Muknasi

341H-Ibraheem bin Moosa

350H-Abdullah bin Ibraheem

360H-Mohammed bin Abdullah

Qaramti's Kingdom in Bahrain & Oman
281H-596H(894-1200AD)= 315 yrs.

Rasulids State in Yemen

629H-858H(1229-1454AD)=229 yrs.

Saadian dynasty in Morocco

917H-1069H:-Saadian Dynasty formed in Morocco.

Safaaria State in Sajistan-Persia

246H-900H-(867-1495AD)=654 yrs.

237H-Yaqub bin Lays Safaari(Shiya) founded *Safaaria State in Sajistan.*

Safavid in Persia (Shiya's)

905H-1134H. 1500-1722AD

*They continuously revolted against the **Usman Sultan** and spreaded shiyaism in **Persia**, but they were crushed time to time by the **Sultan's** until they were totally crushed by the **Khilji's**.*

Safvi Kingdom(shiya)

908H- 1502AD:-Shah Ismaeel-Safvi Kingdom started. Fought with Turks & Uzbuk.

931H- 1525AD:-Shah Tahmasip bin Ismaeel. King Humayun took shelter in his kingdom.

989H- 1581AD:-Shah Ismaeel Sani bin Tahmasip.

994H- 1586AD:-Shah Hamza bin Mohammed.

994H- 1586AD:-Shah Ismaeel Salis.

994H- 1586AD:-Shah Abbas.

1040H-1631AD:-Shah Safi.

1052H-1643AD:-Shah Abbas Sani.

1077H-1667AD:-Shah Sulaiman

1106H-1695AD:-Shah Hussain

1125H-1714AD:-Shah Tahmasip Sani. Khilji& Abdali weakened their kingdom.

1134H-1722AD:-End of Safvi(shiya) kingdom.

Saljuqia Kingdom

Saljuq

Saljuq came from Turkistan to Samarqand, accepted Islam and settled in **Jundur**. The **Turks** came to collect tax from muslims as usual. **Saljuq** said muslims may give tax to Kafir/ Infidel, I cannot tolerate, so muslims with **Saljuq** fought and got victory. **Saljuq** gained popularity.

Saljuq son Mikaeel was killed and his two sons **Tughral Buk & Chughar Buk** were brought up by his grand father in a strong Islamic environment

Tughral Buk became the Ruler of **Khurasan & Chughar Buk** became the Ruler of **Marv & Hirat**. Both the brother remained unitedly.

SALJUQI KINGDOM IN IRAQ

Tughral Buk

447H-Abbasi Khalifa Qaim be Amrillah called Tughral Buk for help. He helped Khalifa arrested Abdur Rahim Dailmi the revolter.

449H-Khalifa honoured him, crowned him and made him Sultan

He was so happy & obliged that he kissed the hand of Khalifa and respected him.

455H-Tughral Buk & Chughar Buk expired.

Sultan Alap Arsalan bin Chugar Buk

455H-He was also crowned by Khalifa Qaim. He defeated and arrested Roman king Qaisar. Qaisar was freed and he was so much obliged that he married his daughter with **Arsalan Shah s/o Alap Arsalan**.

Khaqan China was also impressed with him. He also married his daughter to **Arsalan Shah**. **Neshapur** also became like **Baghdad**. Sultan of different countries use to visit **Alap Arsalan**. He was killed in 465H.

Nizamul Mulk Tusi was Wazeer of **Alap Arsalan**.

Sultan Jalaluddin Malik Shah bin Alap Arsalan

465H-Malik Shah became sultan with the effort of **Nizamul Mulk Tusi**.

He remained wazeer of **Malik Shah**, and actually he was the ruler.

484H-Malik Shah expired.

Sultan Barkyaraq bin Malik Shah

484H-Became sultan.

Moidul Mulk & Fakhrul Mulk were his wazeer.

Sultan Mohammed bin Malik Shah

496H-Became sultan.

Sultan Mohammed bin Mohammed bin Malik Shah

509H-Sultan during Khalifa Mustarshid billah.

Sultan Tughral bin Mohammed bin Malik Shah

525H-Became sultan after death of his brother.

Sultan Masood bin Malik Shah

529H-Sultan during Khalifa Mustarshid & Muqtadhi billah.

Sultan Malik Shah bin Mahmood bin Mohammed bin Malik Shah

544H-Sultan for 3 months only.

Sultan Mohammed bin Mahmood

544H-He was made sultan after removing his brother.

Sultan Arsalan bin Tughral bin Mohammed bin Malik Shah

551H-He remained fighting with 'Al Maut' fighters and was victorious.

Sultan Tughral bin Arsalan bin Tughral

571H-His death ended Saljuqi kingdom in Iraq.

SALJUQI KINGDOM IN KHURASAN

Sultan Salateen Sanjar bin Malik Shah

509H-He was brave, kind, intelligent & god fearing sultan. He expired in 552H.

Mahmood Khan Jawahirzada

552H-Ruler of Khurasan. He was blinded and some of his kingdom was taken by **Khwarzam Shahi & some by Ghauri**. Saljuqi kingdom ended in Khurasan.

SALJUQI KINGDOM IN KIRMAN

Capital:- Hamdan

In the generation of one brother of Sultan Sanjar remained 10 sultan in Kirman one after the other.

1-Sultan Shah

2-Turan Shah

3-Iran Shah

4-Arsalan Shah

5-Mohammed Shah bin Arsalan

6-Tughral Shah

7-Arsalan Shah

8-Tughral Shah

9-Bahram Shah

10-Mohammed Shah bin Bahram

SALJUQI KINGDOM IN ROMAN TERRITORY

Capital:-Qunia/Qausia

1-Sulaiman bin Qaltamash

2-Daud bin Sulaiman

3-Arsalan bin Sulaiman

4-Masood bin Falaj

5-Arsalan bin Masood

6-Ghayasuddin bin Kakhesro

7-Ruknuddin Sulaiman bi Falaj

8- Aesalan bin Sulaiman

9-Azizuddin Kekaush bin Ghyasuddin

10-Alauddin Keqbad bin Ghyasuddin

11-Ghyasuddin Kakhesro bin Alauddin

12-Ruknuddin Salman bin Ghyasuddin

13-Kakhesro bin Ruknuddin

14-Keqbad bin Framruz

Nizamul Mulk Tusi

455-485H:-Wazeer of Sultan Alap Arsalan & Sultan Malik Shah.

Name:-Hassan bin Ali bin Ishaq bin Abbas. Title-Nizamul Mulk.

Age:-

Birth:-408H in Tus

Death:-

Qualities

Nizamul Mulk studied hadees & fiqh.

His classmate was Umar Khayam & Hassan bin Sabah.

He was a good scholar & good ruler.

He built several Madaris, rest houses & bridges.

Siasat nama(political activity) is unique composition written by him.

Jame Nizamia/Nizamia University

He founded Jame Nizamia/Nizamia University in Baghdad in 457H and completed in 459H.

He endowed for the Jame a land giving earning of 30 million/year.

Principal:-Sh.Abu Ishaq Sheerazi

Head Master:-Sh.Abu Nasar Sabagh

The Jame and its teaching was of such a standard that till now its syllabus is famous as

Dars-e-Nizami taught throughout the world.

Architectural Development

*Covered markets, hospitals and other public buildings.
The qanat system of underground aqueducts and agricultural techniques.*

Samania State 261-395H(864-1004AD)

Ismaeel bin Ahmed bin Asad Samani founded the kingdom on **Tibristan-Sajistan-Khurasan-Mazindan-Rai-Isfahan-Ma-wara-un- Nahar.**

Capital was Samarqand.

Kings of Samania:-

261H- Ismaeel bin Ahmed:-Capital-Samarqand. He was brave,well mannered,kind & just.

297H- Ahmed bin Ismaeel:-Capital-Bukhara--Brave but immoral. Courtiers killed him.

Ruled for 6 yrs.

303H- Abul Hassan Nasar bin Ahmed:-He was very famous king. Because of his kindness he was known as Ameer Saeed.

331H- Nuh bin Nasar:- He always had to face the Rulers of Vailum and got victory.

343H- Abdul Malik bin Nuh:- He always had to face the Rulers of Vailum and got victory.

350H- Mansur bin Nuh:- His Commander Alaptageen flew away to Ghazni and his slave **Subuktageen** formed his kingdom in **Ghazni**

365H- Nuh bin Mansur:- In his time Addudaulah captured Iraq and Shamsulmal Qabus captured Jarjan & Tibristan. Bafra Khan-Governor Khurasan captured Ma wara un Nahar but he died

soon. So **Nuh** again became King of Ma wara un Nahar. Bu Ali became the King of Khurasan

and attacked on Nuh. **Nuh** with the help of Subuktageen & Mahmood defeated Bu Ali.

387H- Mansur bin Nuh:- The courtiers wanted Mansur to fight with Mahmood but when he refused

the courtiers killed him by piercing hot iron needle in his eyes.

390H- Abdul Malik bin Nuh:- The courtiers compelled Abdul Malik to fight with Mahmood. **Abdul Malik** was defeated. He flew to his capital, but it was captured by Ailak Khan of Kashghar.

Abdul Malik was arrested and the Kingdom of Samania ended.

Samania Rule was full of bravery & courage. The society was civilized & prosperous, also made progress in science & technology. The King respected & honoured the scholars.

Scholars & Mohaddis

Ibraheem bin Adham Balkhi Ra:- Khalifa of Fuzail bin Ayaz Ra. Great Wali Allah & Mohaddis.

Imam Bukhari Ra:- Imamul Mohaddiseen.

Imam Muslim Ra:- Student of Imam Ahmed bin Hanbal Ra.

Imam Abu Daud Ra :-

Imam Tirmizi Ra

Development & Reforms

263H-Ibne Tulun Masjid-Cairo.

Tuluniya Kingdom in Egypt

257H - 292H

Tulun was a Turk slave presented by Nuh bin Asad Samani-Ruler of Bukhara to Kh. Mamoon.

Tuluniya kingdom was under the rule of Khilafat Abbasia.

Rulers of Tuluniya Kingdom

254H-Ahmed bin Tulun

270H-Khumarvia bin Ahmed

282H-Jaish bin Khumarvia

283H-Haroon bin Khumarvia

292H-Shaiban bin Ahmed

Ubaidi/Fatimi Kingdom in Egypt

Most mischievous kingdom

296H-567H(908-1171AD) = 271 yrs.

1-Mehdi Ubaidullah. 296-323H:-His grand father Qaddah was Majusi(fire worshipper). He came to Qirwan-Maghrrib and claimed to be Alvi/Fatimi.

He established a false Alvi/Fatimi kingdom.

2-Qaim be Amrillah bin Mehdi. 323-333H.

3-Mansur Ismaeel bin Qaim. 333-341H.

4-Mazuddin bin Mansur. 341-365H:- He captured Egypt in 362H.

5-Aziz Bazzaz bin Mazuddin. 365-386H.

6-Hakim bin Aziz Bazzaz. 386-411H:- He was killed.

7-Zahir bin Hakim. 411-428H.

8-Mustansir bin Zahir 428-487H:- He ruled for 60 years longest period.

9-Mustali bin Mustansir. 487-495H.

10-Amir bin Mustli. 495-524H:- He was killed.

11-Hafizuddin bin Mohammed bin Mustansir. 524-544H.

12-Zahir bin Hafizuddin. 544-549H:- He was killed.

13-Faiz be Nasrullah bin Zahir 549-555H.

14-Adhuddin bin Hafizuddin.555-567H.

Fatimi kingdom ended and Abbasi Khilafat started.

Zangi Kingdom In Different Countries

Sultan Imaduddin Zangi

521H-He founded & started the kingdom from Musal.

522H-Captured Hims.

533H-Captured Balbak.

534H-Captured City Zore.

537H-Sultan Imaduddin died.

Sultan Imaduddin had 3 sons:-

1-Nuruddin 2-Saifuddin 3-Qutbuddin.

Musal

537H-Saifuddin bin Imaduddin

541H-Qutbuddin bin Imaduddin

576H-Saifuddin Ghazi bin Maudud

589H-Azuddin Masood bin Maudud

589H-Nuruddin Arsalan bin Masood

616H-Naseeruddin bin Mahmood

631H-Badrudin Lulu slave

657H-Ismaeel bin Lulu

660H-Kingdom ended. Tatari captured.

Halb

537H-Nuruddin bin Imaduddin

541H-Ismaeel. He handed over to

Sultan Salhuddin Ayubi

Damisq & Roman Territories

549H-Nuruddin bin Imaduddin

Jazeera

541H-Qutbuddin bin Imaduddin

576H-Sanjar

600H-Mazuddin Mahmood bin Sanjar

648H-Masood bin Mahmood

Ayubi kingdom took over Jazeera.

Zaydia regain control on Yemen
1000H-1381H(1592-1962AD)=381 yrs.

Zaydia/Yafarya State in Sana-Yemen

246H-387H(860-997AD)= 141 yrs.

246H-Abdur Raheem bin Ibraheem was Asst. Ruler of Sana deputed by Governor of Yemen. His administration was very good. He died. His son **Yafer also** ruled properly. People liked him very much so he became the ruler of Sana and formed **Yafarya State**. **Yafarya family** ruled upto **387H**.

Zirids Kingdom in Northwest Africa
362H-543H(972-1148AD)= 181 yrs.